# Rosemount<sup>™</sup> 3144P Temperature Transmitter

with HART® Protocol and Rosemount X-well™ Technology





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### 1 About this guide

This guide provides basic guidelines for installing the Rosemount 3144P Transmitter. It does not provide instructions for detailed configuration, diagnostics, maintenance, service, troubleshooting, Explosion-proof, Flameproof, or intrinsically safe (I.S.) installations. Refer to the Rosemount 3144P Transmitter Reference Manual for more instructions. The manual and this quide are also available electronically on Emerson.com/Rosemount.

#### WARNING

#### **Explosions**

Explosions could result in death or serious injury.

Installation of device in an explosive environment must be in accordance with appropriate local, national, and international standards, codes, and practices.

Review the Product Certifications section of this document for any restrictions associated with a safe installation.

#### Process leaks

Process leaks may cause harm or result in death.

Install and tighten thermowells and sensors before applying pressure. Do not remove the thermowell while in operation.

### Conduit/cable entries

The conduit/cable entries in the transmitter housing use a ½–14 NPT thread form.

When installing in a hazardous location, use only appropriately listed or Ex certified plugs, glands, or adapters in cable/conduit entries.

#### **Electrical shock**

Electrical shock can result in death or serious injury.

Avoid contact with the leads and terminals. High voltage that may be present on leads could cause electrical shock.

### **WARNING**

### **Physical access**

Unauthorized personnel may potentially cause significant damage to and/or misconfiguration of end users' equipment. This could be intentional or unintentional and needs to be protected against.

Physical security is an important part of any security program and fundamental to protecting your system. Restrict physical access by unauthorized personnel to protect end users' assets. This is true for all systems used within the facility.

## 2 System readiness

### 2.1 Confirm HART revision capability

If using HART based control or asset management systems, confirm the HART capability of those systems prior to transmitter installation. Not all systems are capable of communicating with HART Revision 7 Protocol. You can configure the transmitter for either HART Revision 5 or 7.

 For instructions on how to change the HART revision of your transmitter, refer to Switch HART revision mode.

## 3 Verify configuration

The Rosemount 3144P Transmitter communicates using a Field Communicator (communication requires a loop resistance between 250 and 1100 ohms) or AMS Device Manager.

Do not operate when power is below 12 Vdc at the transmitter terminal. Refer to the Rosemount 3144P Transmitter Reference Manual and Field Communicator Reference Manual.

### 3.1 Update the Field Communicator software

To fully communicate with the Rosemount 3144P Transmitter, you need the latest Field Communicator Field Device Revision Dev v5 or v7, DD v1 or greater. Rosemount 3144P Temperature transmitters equipped with Rosemount X-well Technology require DD revision 3144P Dev. 7 Rev. 1 or highter to view Rosemount X-well Technology functionality.

The Device Descriptors are available with new communicators at Emerson.com/Rosemount, or you can download them into existing communicators at any Emerson Service Center.

The device descriptors are as follows:

- Device in HART 5 mode: Device v5 DDv1
- Device in HART 7 mode: Device v7 DDv1

Complete the following steps to determine if you need to upgrade your device. Refer to Figure 3-1.

A B - C C C

Figure 3-1: Connecting a Communicator to a Bench Loop

- A. Power/signal terminals
- B.  $250 \Omega \le R_L \le 1100 \Omega$
- C. Power supply

#### **Procedure**

- Connect the sensor.
   See the wiring diagram located on the inside of the housing cover.
- 2. Connect the bench power supply to the power terminals ("+" or "-").
- 3. Connect a Field Communicator to the loop across a loop resistor or at the power/signal terminals on the transmitter.

The following message will appear if the communicator has a previous version of the device descriptors (DDs):

NOTICE: Upgrade the communicator software to access new XMTR functions. Continue with old description?

#### Note

If this notice does not appear, the latest DD is installed.

If the latest version is not available, the communicator will communicate properly, but when the transmitter is configured some new capabilities may not be visible.

To prevent this from happening, upgrade to the latest DD or answer NO to the question and default to the generic transmitter functionality.

### 3.2 Switch HART revision mode

If the HART Protocol configuration tool is not capable of communicating with HART Revision 7, the transmitter will load a generic menu with limited capability. The following procedures will switch the HART Revision mode from the generic menu:

#### **Procedure**

Select Manual Setup  $\rightarrow$  Device Information  $\rightarrow$  Identification  $\rightarrow$  Message.

- a) To change to HART Revision 5, enter **HART5** in the *Message* field.
- b) To change to HART Revision 7, enter **HART7** in the *Message* field.

		_
Function	HART 5 Fast Keys	HART 7 Fast Keys
2-wire offset sensor 1	2, 2, 1, 5	2, 2, 1, 6
2-wire offset sensor 2	2, 2, 2, 5	2, 2, 2, 6
Alarm values	2, 2, 5, 6	2, 2, 5, 6
Analog calibration	3, 4, 5	3, 4, 5
Analog output	2, 2, 5	2, 2, 5
Average temperature setup	2, 2, 3, 3	2, 2, 3, 3
Burst mode	N/A	2, 2, 8, 4
Comm status	N/A	1, 2
Configure additional messages	N/A	2, 2, 8, 7
Configure hot backup	2, 2, 4, 1, 3	2, 2, 4, 1, 3
Date	2, 2, 7, 1, 2	2, 2, 7, 1, 3
Descriptor	2, 2, 7, 1, 3	2, 2, 7, 1, 4
Device information	2, 2, 7, 1	2, 2, 7, 1
Differential temperature setup	2, 2, 3, 1	2, 2, 3, 1
Filter 50/60 Hz	2, 2, 7, 5, 1	2, 2, 7, 5, 1
Find device	N/A	3, 4, 6, 2
First good temperature setup	2, 2, 3, 2	2, 2, 3, 2
Hardware revision	1, 8, 2, 3	1, 11, 2, 3
HART lock	N/A	2, 2, 9, 2
Intermittent sensor detect	2, 2, 7, 5, 2	2, 2, 7, 5, 2
Lock status	N/A	1, 11, 3, 7
Long tag	N/A	2, 2, 7, 2

Function	HART 5 Fast Keys	HART 7 Fast Keys
Loop test	3, 5, 1	3, 5, 1
LRV (lower range value)	2, 2, 5, 5, 3	2, 2, 5, 5, 3
Message	2, 2, 7, 1, 4	2, 2, 7, 1, 5
Open sensor holdoff	2, 2, 7, 4	2, 2, 7, 4
Percent range	2, 2, 5, 4	2, 2, 5, 4
Sensor 1 configuration	2, 2, 1	2, 2, 1
Sensor 1 serial number	2, 2, 1, 7	2, 2, 1, 8
Sensor 1 setup	2, 2, 1	2, 2, 2
Sensor 1 status	N/A	2, 2, 1, 2
Sensor 1 type	2, 2, 1, 2	2, 2, 1, 3
Sensor 1 unit	2, 2, 1, 4	2, 2, 1, 5
Sensor 2 configuration	2, 2, 2	2, 2, 2
Sensor 2 serial number	2, 2, 2, 7	2, 2, 2, 8
Sensor 2 setup	2, 2, 2	2, 2, 2
Sensor 2 status	N/A	2, 2, 2, 2
Sensor 2 type	2, 2, 2, 2	2, 2, 2, 3
Sensor 2 unit	2, 2, 2, 4	2, 2, 2, 5
Sensor drift alert	2, 2, 4, 2	2, 2, 4, 2
Simulate device variables	N/A	3, 5, 2
Software revision	1, 8, 2, 4	1, 11, 2, 4
Tag	2, 2, 7, 1, 1	2, 2, 7, 1, 1
Terminal temperature units	2, 2, 7, 3	2, 2, 7, 3
URV (upper range value)	2, 2, 7, 3	2, 2, 7, 3
Variable mapping	2, 2, 8, 5	2, 2, 8, 5
Thermocouple diagnostic	2, 1, 7, 1	2, 1, 7, 2
Min/max tracking	2, 1, 7, 2	2, 1, 7, 2
Rosemount X-well configuration	N/A	2, 2, 1, 11

### 4 Set the switches

The Rosemount 3144P Transmitter comes with hardware switches to configure alarms and lock the device. Use the following procedures to set the switches:

#### WARNING

#### **Enclosure**

Enclosure covers must be fully engaged to meet explosion-proof requirements.

### 4.1 Set the switches with an LCD display

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Set the loop to manual (if applicable) and disconnect the power.
- 2. Remove the electronics housing cover.
- Unscrew the LCD display screws and gently slide the meter straight off.
- 4. Set the alarm and security switches to the desired position.
- 5. Gently slide the LCD display back into place.
- 6. Replace and tighten the LCD display screws to secure the LCD display.
- 7. Reattach housing cover.
- 8. Apply power and set the loop to automatic control.

### 4.2 Set the switches without an LCD display

#### **Procedure**

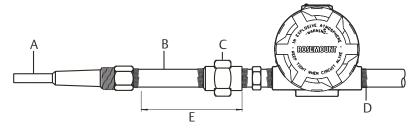
- 1. Set the loop to manual (if applicable) and disconnect the power.
- 2. Remove the electronics housing cover.
- 3. Set the alarm and security switches to the desired position.
- 4. Reattach housing cover.
- 5. Apply power and set the loop to automatic control.

### 5 Mount the transmitter

Mount the transmitter at a high point in the conduit run to prevent moisture from draining into the transmitter housing.

### 5.1 Typical North American installation

Figure 5-1: Typical Direct-Mounted Configuration



- A. Thermowell
- B. Extension (nipple)
- C. Union or coupling
- D. Conduit for field wiring (dc power)
- E. Extension fitting length

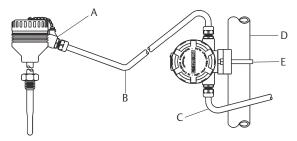
#### **Procedure**

- 1. Mount the thermowell to the process container wall.
- 2. Install and tighten thermowells.
- Perform a leak check.
- 4. Attach any necessary unions, couplings, and extension fittings. Seal the fitting threads with an approved thread sealant, such as silicone or PTFE tape (if required).
- 5. Screw the sensor into the thermowell or directly into the process (depending on installation requirements).
- 6. Verify all sealing requirements.
- 7. Attach the transmitter to the thermowell/sensor assembly. Seal all threads with an approved thread sealant, such as silicone or PTFE tape (if required).
- Install field wiring conduit into the open transmitter conduit entry (for remote mounting) and feed wires into the transmitter housing.
- 9. Pull the field wiring leads into the terminal side of the housing.
- 10. Attach the sensor leads to the transmitter sensor terminals. The wiring diagram is located inside the housing cover.

11. Attach and tighten both transmitter covers.

### 5.2 Typical European installation

Figure 5-2: Typical Remote-Mounted Configuration with Cable Glands



- A. Cable gland
- B. Shielded cable from sensor to transmitter
- C. Shielded cable from transmitter to control room
- D. 2-in. (50 mm) pipe
- E. B4 mounting bracket

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Mount the thermowell to the process container wall.
- 2. Install and tighten thermowells.
- Perform a leak check.
- 4. Attach a connection head to the thermowell.
- Insert sensor into the thermowell and wire the sensor to the connection head.
  - The wiring diagram is located inside the connection head.
- 6. Mount the transmitter to a 2-in. (50 mm) pipe or a panel using one of the optional mounting brackets.
- 7. Attach cable glands to the shielded cable running from the connection head to the transmitter conduit entry.
- 8. Run the shielded cable from the opposite conduit entry on the transmitter back to the control room.
- 9. Insert shielded cable leads through the cable entries into the connection head/transmitter. Connect and tighten cable glands.
- Connect the shielded cable leads to the connection head terminals (located inside the connection head) and to the sensor wiring terminals (located inside the transmitter housing).

### 5.3 Install Rosemount X-well Technology

Rosemount X-well Technology is for temperature monitoring applications and is not intended for control or safety applications. It is available in the Rosemount 3144P Temperature Transmitter in a factory assembled direct mount configuration with a Rosemount 0085 Pipe Clamp Sensor. It cannot be used in a remote mount configuration.

Rosemount X-well Technology will only work as specified with factory supplied and assembled Rosemount 0085 Pipe Clamp silver tipped single element sensor with a 3.2-in. (80 mm) extension length. It will not work as specified if used with other sensors. Installing and using the incorrect sensor will result in inaccurate process temperature calculations.

#### **Important**

Follow the above requirements and installation best practices below to ensure that Rosemount X-well Technology works as specified.

Follow pipe clamp sensor installation best practices. See Rosemount 0085 Pipe Clamp Sensor Quick Start Guide with Rosemount X-well Technology specific requirements noted below:

- 1. Mount the transmitter directly on a pipe clamp sensor.
- 2. Install the transmitter away from dynamic external temperature sources, such as a boiler or heat tracing.

#### **A** CAUTION

#### Inaccurate calculations

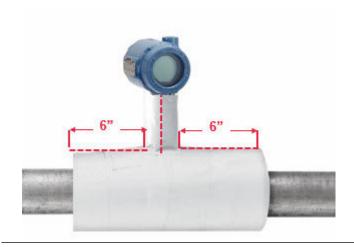
Moisture build-up between the sensor and pipe surface or sensor hang-up in assembly can cause inaccurate process temperature calculations.

Make sure the pipe clamp sensor tip makes direct contact with the pipe surface.

Refer to installation best practices in Rosemount 0085 Pipe Clamp Sensor Quick Start Guide to ensure proper sensor to pipe surface contact.

3. To prevent heat loss, insulate the sensor clamp assembly and sensor extension up to the transmitter head (½-in. thick minimum with an R-value of > 0.42 m<sup>2</sup> x K/W). Apply a minimum of 6-in. (152.4 mm) of insulation on each side of the pipe clamp sensor. Take care to minimize air gaps between insulation and pipe. See Figure 5-3.

Figure 5-3: Transmitter with Rosemount X-well Technology Installation



### **A** CAUTION

#### Over-insulation

Insulating the transmitter head may result in longer response times and may damage the transmitter electronics.

Do not apply insulation over the transmitter head.

4. Although it will be configured that way at the factory, ensure that the pipe clamp RTD sensor is assembled in 4-wire configuration.

### 6 Wire and apply power

### 6.1 Wire the transmitter

Wiring diagrams are located inside the terminal block cover.

See Table 6-1.

Table 6-1: Single Sensor

2-wire RTD and ohms	3-wire RTD and ohms <sup>(1)</sup>	4-wire RTD and ohms	T/Cs and millivolts	RTD with compensation loop <sup>(2)</sup>
1, 2, 3, 4, 5	1, 2, 3, 4	1 3 3 4	1, 2, 3, 4, 4, 5	1, 2, 3, 4

- (1) Emerson provides 4-wire sensors for all single-element RTDs. You can use these RTDs in 3-wire configurations by leaving the unneeded leads disconnected and insulated with electrical tape.
- (2) Transmitter must be configured for a 3-wire RTD in order to recognize an RTD with a compensation loop.

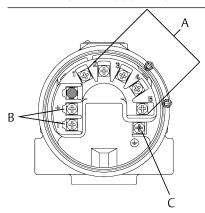
### Table 6-2: Dual Sensor

Emerson provides 4-wire sensors for all single-element RTDs. To use these RTDs in three-wire configurations, leave the unneeded leads disconnected and insulated with electrical tape.

ΔT/ Hot Backup <sup>™</sup> / dual sensor with two RTDs	∆T/Hot Backup/ dual Sensor with two thermocouples	∆T/Hot Backup/ dual sensor with RTDs/ thermocouples	∆T/Hot Backup/ dual sensor with RTDs/ thermocouples	∆T/Hot Backup/ dual sensor with two RTDs with compensation loop
1 2 3 1 4 S1 S2 5	1 2 3 4 5 5	1, 2, 3 1, 4 S1 -, 5 S2 + 5	1 2 3 S1 52 5	1 4 5

### 6.2 Power the transmitter

An external power supply is required to operate the transmitter.



- A. Sensor terminals (1–5)
- B. Power terminals
- C. Ground

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Remove the terminal block cover.
- 2. Connect the positive power lead to the "+" terminal.
- 3. Connect the negative power lead to the "-" terminal.
- 4. Tighten the terminal screws.
- 5. Reattach and tighten the cover.

### **WARNING**

#### **Enclosure**

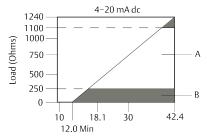
Enclosure covers must be fully engaged to meet explosion-proof requirements.

6. Apply power.

#### 6.3 Load limitations

The power required across the transmitter power terminals is 12 to 42 Vdc (power terminals are not rated to 42.4 Vdc). To prevent the possibility of damaging the transmitter, do not allow terminal voltage to drop below 12.0 Vdc when changing the configuration parameters.

Figure 6-1: Load Limitation



Maximum load = 40.8 x (supply voltage - 12.0) without transient protection (optional).

- A. HART and analog operating range
- B. Analog only operating range

### 6.4 Ground the transmitter

### 6.4.1 Ungrounded thermocouple, mV, and RTD/ohm inputs

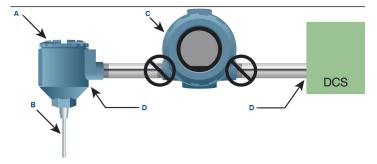
Each process installation has different requirements for grounding. Use the grounding options recommended by the facility for the specific sensor type or begin with grounding option 1 (the most common).

### Ground the transmitter: option 1

Emerson recommends this option for ungrounded transmitter housing.

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Connect signal wiring shield to the sensor wiring shield.
- 2. Ensure the two shields are tied together and electrically isolated from the transmitter housing.
- 3. Ground shield at the power supply end only.
- 4. Ensure that the sensor shield is electrically isolated from the surrounding grounded fixtures.



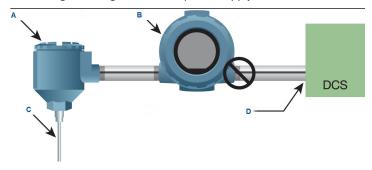
- A. Remote sensor housing
- B. Sensor
- C. Transmitter
- D. Shield ground points

### Ground the transmitter: option 2

Emerson recommends this method for grounded transmitter housing.

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Connect sensor wiring shield to the transmitter housing. Do this only if the housing is grounded.
- 2. Ensure that the sensor is electrically isolated from surrounding fixtures that may be grounded.
- 3. Ground signal wiring shield at the power supply end.

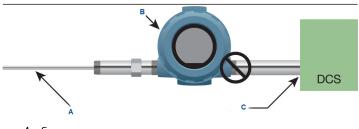


- A. Remote sensor housing
- B. Transmitter
- C. Sensor
- D. Shield ground parts

### Ground the transmitter: option 3

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Ground sensor wiring shield at the sensor, if possible.
- 2. Ensure the sensor wiring and signal wiring shields are electrically isolated from the transmitter housing and other grounded fixtures.
- 3. Ground signal wiring shield at the power supply end.

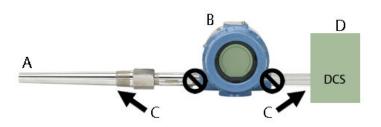


- A. Sensor
- B. Transmitter
- C. Shield ground points

### 6.4.2 Ground thermocouple inputs

#### **Procedure**

- 1. Ground sensor wiring shield at the sensor.
- 2. Ensure the sensor wiring and signal wiring shields are electrically isolated from the transmitter housing and other grounded fixtures.
- 3. Ground signal wiring shield at the power supply end.



- A. Sensor wires
- B. Transmitter
- C. Shield ground point
- D. 4-20 mA loop

## 7 Perform a loop test

The loop test verifies transmitter output, loop integrity, and operation of any recorders or similar devices installed in the loop.

The following procedures are for the device dashboard - device revisions 5 and 7, DD v1.

### 7.1 Initiate a loop test

#### **Procedure**

- Connect an external ampere meter in series with the transmitter loop (so the power to the transmitter goes through the meter at some point in the loop).
- From the Home screen, select 3 Service Tools → 5 Simulate → 1
   Perform Loop Test

The communicator displays the loop test menu.

- 3. Select a discrete milliampere level for the transmitter to output.
  - a) At Choose Analog Output, select 1 4 mA or 2 20 mA. If you
    want to enter a different value, select 4 Other to manually
    input a value between 4 and 20 milliamperes.
  - b) Select **Enter** to show the fixed output.
  - c) Select OK.
- 4. In the test loop, check that the transmitter's actual mA output and the HART mA reading are the same value.
  - If the readings do not match, either the transmitter requires an output trim or the current meter is malfunctioning.
  - After completing the test, the display returns to the loop test screen where you can choose another output value.
- 5. To end the loop test, select **5 End** and **Enter**.

### 7.2 Initiate simulation alarm

#### **Procedure**

- From the Home screen, select 3 Service Tools → 5 Simulate → 1
   Perform Loop Test → 3 Simulate Alarm.
  - The transmitter will output the alarm current level based on the configured alarm parameter and switch settings.
- 2. Select **5** End to return the transmitter to normal conditions.

## 8 Safety Instrumented Systems (SIS)

For safety certified installations, refer to the Rosemount 3144P Reference Manual. The manual is available electronically on Emerson.com/Rosemount. You can also contact an Emerson representative for the manual.

### 9 Product certifications

Rev 2.4

### 9.1 European Directive information

A copy of the EU Declaration of Conformity can be found at the end of the Quick Start Guide. The most recent revision of the EU Declaration of Conformity can be found at Emerson.com/Rosemount.

### 9.2 Ordinary location certification

As standard, the transmitter has been examined and tested to determine that the design meets the basic electrical, mechanical, and fire protection requirements by a nationally recognized test laboratory (NRTL) as accredited by the Federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

### 9.3 North America

### 9.3.1 E5 FM Explosionproof, Dust-Ignitionproof, and Nonincendive

Certificate FM16US0202X

**Standards** FM Class 3600: 2011, FM Class 3611: 2004, FM Class 3615:

2006, FM Class 3810: 2005, ANSI/NEMA 250: 1991, ANSI/ISA

60079-0: 2009, ANSI/ISA 60079-11: 2009

**Markings** XP CL I, DIV 1, GP A, B, C, D; T5(-50 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +85 °C);

**DIP** CL II/III, DIV 1, GP E, F, G; T5(-50 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +75 °C); T6(-50 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +60 °C); when installed per Rosemount drawing

03144-0320;

**NI** CL I, DIV 2, GP A, B, C, D; T5(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +75 °C); T6(-60 °C

 $\leq T_a \leq +60$  °C); when installed per Rosemount drawing

03144-0321. 03144-5075.

### 9.3.2 I5 FM Intrinsic Safety and Nonincendive

Certificate FM16US0202X

**Standards** FM Class 3600: 2011, FM Class 3610: 2010, FM Class 3611:

2004, FM Class 3810: 2005, ANSI/NEMA 250: 1991, ANSI/ISA

60079-0: 2009, ANSI/ISA 60079-11: 2009

**Markings** IS CL I/II/III, DIV 1, GP A, B, C, D, E, F, G; T4(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +60

°C);

**IS** [Entity] CL I, Zone 0, AEx ia IIC T4(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +60 °C);

**NI** CL I, DIV 2, GP A, B, C, D; T5(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +75 °C); T6(-60 °C

 $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +60 °C); when installed per Rosemount drawing

03144-0321, 03144-5075.

#### 9.3.3 I6 CSA Intrinisic Safety and Division 2

Certificate 1242650

**Standards** CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 0-M91 (R2001), CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 94-

M91, CSA Std C22.2 No. 142-M1987, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.

157-92, CSA Std C22.2 No. 213-M1987

**Markings** Intrinsically Safe for Class I Groups A, B, C, D; Class II, Groups E,

F, G; Class III;

[HART only zone markings]: Intrinsically Safe for Class I Zone 0

Group IIC; T4(-50 °C  $\leq$  Ta  $\leq$  +60 °C); Type 4X; Suitable for Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D;

[HART only zone markings]: Suitable for Class I Zone 2 Group IIC; T6(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +60 °C); T5(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +85 °C); when

installed per Rosemount drawing 03144-5076.

#### 9.3.4 K6 CSA Explosionproof, Intrinsic Safety, and Division 2

Certificate 1242650

**Standards** CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 0-M91 (R2001), CSA Std C22.2 No.

25-1966, CSA Std C22.2 No. 30-M1986; CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 94-M91, CSA Std C22.2 No. 142-M1987, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.

157-92, CSA Std C22.2 No. 213-M1987

**Markings** Explosion proof for Class I, Groups A, B, C, D; Class II, Groups E,

F, G; Class III;

[HART only zone markings]: Suitable for Class I Zone 1 Group IIC; Intrinsically Safe for Class I Groups A, B, C, D; Class II, Groups E, F, G; Class III;

[HART only zone markings]: Suitable for Class I Zone 0 Group IIC; T4(-50 °C  $\le$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\le$  +60 °C); Type 4X; Suitable for Class I, Div. 2, Groups A, B, C, D;

[HART only zone markings]: Suitable for Class I Zone 2 Group IIC; T6(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +60 °C); T5(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +85 °C); when installed per Rosemount drawing 03144-5076.

### 9.4 Europe

### 9.4.1 E1 ATEX Flameproof

Certificate FM12ATEX0065X

**Standards** EN 60079-0: 2012+A11:2013, EN 60079-1: 2014, EN

60529:1991 +A1:2000+A2:2013

Markings (x) II 2 G Ex db IIC T6...T1 Gb, T6(-50 °C  $\le$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\le$  +40 °C), T5... T1(-50 °C  $\le$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\le$  +60 °C); See Process temperature limits for process temperatures.

#### **Specific Conditions of Use (X):**

- 1. See certificate for ambient temperature range.
- 2. The non-metallic label may store an electrostatic charge and become a source of ignition in Group III environments.
- Guard the LCD display cover against impact energies greater than four joules.
- 4. Flameproof joints are not intended for repair.
- 5. A suitable certified Ex d or Ex tb enclosure is required to be connected to temperature probes with Enclosure option "N".
- 6. Care shall be taken by the end user to ensure that the external surface temperature on the equipment and the neck of DIN Style Sensor probe does not exceed 266 °F (130 °C).
- 7. Non-standard paint options may cause risk of electrostatic discharge. Avoid installations that cause electrostatic build-up on painted surfaces and only clean the painted surfaces with a damp cloth. If paint is ordered through a special option code, contact the manufacturer for more information.

### 9.4.2 I1 ATEX Intrinsic Safety

**Certificate** BAS01ATEX1431X [HART]; Baseefa03ATEX0708X [Fieldbus]

**Standards** EN IEC 60079-0: 2018; EN 60079-11:2012

Markings HART: (x) II 1 G Ex ia IIC T5/T6 Ga; T6(-60 °C ≤ T<sub>a</sub> ≤ +50 °C), T5(-60 °C ≤ T<sub>a</sub> ≤ +75 °C)

Fieldbus: Ex II 1 G Ex ia IIC T4 Ga; T4(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +60 °C) See Table 9-9 for entity parameters.

### Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. When fitted with the transient terminal options, the equipment is not capable of passing the 500 V insulation test. This must be taken into account during installation.
- 2. The enclosure may be made from aluminum alloy with a protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion when located in Zone 0.

### 9.4.3 N1 ATEX Type n

**Certificate** BAS01ATEX3432X [HART]; Baseefa03ATEX0709X [Fieldbus]

**Standards** EN IEC 60079-0:2018, EN 60079-15:2010

Markings HART: (x) II 3 G Ex nA IIC T5/T6 Gc; T6(-40 °C  $\le$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\le$  +50 °C), T5(-40 °C  $\le$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\le$  +75 °C);

Fieldbus: (x) II 3 G Ex nA IIC T5 Gc; T5(-40 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>3</sub>  $\leq$  +75 °C);

### Special Condition for Safe Use (X):

1. When fitted with the transient terminal options, the equipment is not capable of passing the 500 V electrical strength test as defined in clause 6.5.1 of EN 60079-15: 2010. This must be taken into account during installation.

#### 9.4.4 ND ATEX Dust

Certificate FM12ATEX0065X

**Standards** EN 60079-0: 2012+A11:2013, EN 60079-31:2014, EN

60529:1991 +A1:2000+A2:2013

Markings (x) II 2 D Ex tb IIIC T130°C Db, (-40 °C  $\le$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\le$  +70 °C); IP66 See Process temperature limits for process temperature.

### Specific Conditions of Use (X):

- 1. See certificate for ambient temperature range.
- 2. The non-metallic label may store an electrostatic charge and become a source of ignition in Group III environments.
- 3. Guard the LCD display cover against impact energies greater than four joules.
- 4. Flameproof joints are not intended for repair.
- 5. A suitable certified Ex d or Ex tb enclosure is required to be connected to temperature probes with Enclosure option "N".
- Care shall be taken by the end user to ensure that the external surface temperature on the equipment and the neck of DIN Style Sensor probe does not exceed 266 °F (130 °C).
- 7. Non-standard paint options may cause risk of electrostatic discharge. Avoid installations that cause electrostatic build-up on painted surfaces and only clean the painted surfaces with a damp cloth. If paint is ordered through a special option code, contact the manufacturer for more information.

#### 9.5 International

### 9.5.1 E7 IECEx Flameproof

Certificate IECEx FMG 12.0022X

**Standards** IEC 60079-0:2011, IEC 60079-1:2014-06

**Markings** Ex db IIC T6...T1 Gb, T6(-50 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +40 °C), T5...T1(-50 °C  $\leq$ 

 $T_a \le +60 \,^{\circ}C$ 

See Process temperature limits for process temperatures.

### Specific Conditions of Use (X):

1. See certificate for ambient temperature range.

- The non-metallic label may store an electrostatic charge and become a source of ignition in Group III environments.
- Guard the LCD display cover against impact energies greater than four joules.
- 4. Flameproof joints are not intended for repair.
- 5. A suitable certified Ex d or Ex tb enclosure is required to be connected to temperature probes with Enclosure option "N".
- Care shall be taken by the end user to ensure that the external surface temperature on the equipment and the neck of DIN Style Sensor probe does not exceed 266 °F (130 °C).
- 7. Non-standard paint options may cause risk of electrostatic discharge. Avoid installations that cause electrostatic build-up on painted surfaces and only clean the painted surfaces with a damp cloth. If paint is ordered through a special option code, contact the manufacturer for more information.

### Additionally available with option K7

#### **IECEx Dust**

**Certificate** IECEx FMG 12.0022X

**Standards** IEC 60079-0:2011 and IEC 60079-31:2013

**Markings** Ex tb IIIC T130 °C Db, (-40 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +70 °C); IP66

See Process temperature limits for process temperatures.

#### Specific conditions of use (X):

1. See certificate for ambient temperature range.

2. The non-metallic label may store an electrostatic charge and become a source of ignition in Group III environments.

- Guard the LCD display cover against impact energies greater than four joules.
- 4. Flameproof joints are not intended for repair.
- 5. A suitable certified Ex d or Ex tb enclosure is required to be connected to temperature probes with Enclosure option "N".
- Care shall be taken by the end user to ensure that the external surface temperature on the equipment and the neck of DIN Style Sensor probe does not exceed 266 °F (130 °C).
- 7. Non-standard paint options may cause risk of electrostatic discharge. Avoid installations that cause electrostatic build-up on painted surfaces and only clean the painted surfaces with a damp cloth. If paint is ordered through a special option code, contact the manufacturer for more information.

### 9.5.2 I7 IECEx Intrinsic Safety

**Certificate** IECEx BAS 07.0002X [HART]; IECEx BAS 07.0004X [Fieldbus]

**Standards** IEC 60079-0: 2017; IEC 60079-11: 2011

**Markings** HART: Ex ia IIC T5/T6 Ga; T6(-60 °C ≤  $T_a$  ≤ +50 °C), T5(-60 °C ≤

 $T_a \le +75 \,^{\circ}C$ );

Fieldbus: Ex ia IIC T4 Ga; T4(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +60 °C)

See Table 9-9 for entity parameters.

### Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. When fitted with the transient terminal options, the equipment is not capable of passing the 500 V electrical strength test as defined in Clause 6.3.13 of IEC 60079-11: 2011. This must be taken into account during installation.
- 2. The enclosure may be made from aluminum alloy with a protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion when located in Zone 0.

### 9.5.3 N7 IECEx Type n

**Certificate** IECEx BAS 07.0003X [HART]; IECEx BAS 07.0005X [Fieldbus]

**Standards** IEC 60079-0:2017, IEC 60079-15:2010

**Markings** HART: Ex nA IIC T5/T6 Gc; T6(-40 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +50 °C), T5(-40 °C  $\leq$ 

 $T_a \le +75 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;

Fieldbus: Ex nA IIC T5 Gc; T5(-40 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +75 °C);

#### Special Condition for Safe Use (X):

1. When fitted with the transient terminal options, the equipment is not capable of passing the 500 V electrical strength test as defined in clause 6.5.1 of EN 60079-15: 2010. This must be taken into account during installation.

### 9.6 Brazil

### 9.6.1 E2 INMETRO Flameproof and Dust

Certificate UL-BR 13.0535X

**Standards** ABNT NBR IEC 60079-0:2013; ABNT NBR IEC 60079-1:2016;

ABNT NBR IEC 60079-31:2014

**Markings** Ex db IIC T6...T1 Gb; T6(-50 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +40 °C); T5...T1(-50 °C  $\leq$ 

 $T_a \le +60 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Ex tb IIIC T130 °C Db; IP66;  $(-40 \text{ °C} \le T_a \le +70 \text{ °C})$ 

#### Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- 1. See product description for ambient temperature limits and process temperature limits.
- 2. The non-metallic label may store an electrostatic charge and become a source of ignition in Group III environments.
- 3. Guard the LCD display cover against impact energies greater than four joules.
- 4. Consult the manufacturer if dimensional information on the flameproof joints is necessary.

### 9.6.2 I2 INMETRO Intrinsic Safety [HART]

Certificate UL-BR 15.0088X

**Standards** ABNT NBR IEC 60079-0:2013, ABNT NBR IEC 60079-11:2013

**Markings** Ex ia IIC T6 Ga (-60 °C <  $T_a$  < 50 °C), Ex ia IIC T5 Ga (-60 °C <  $T_a$  <

75°C)

See Table 9-9 for entity parameters.

#### Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

- When fitted with the transient terminal options, the equipment is not capable of withstanding the 500 V electrical strength test as defined in ABNT NBR IEC60079-11. This must be taken into account during installation.
- 2. The enclosure may be made from aluminum alloy with a protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it

from impact and abrasion when located in areas that require EPL Ga (Zone 0).

#### INMETRO Intrinsic Safety [Fieldbus/FISCO]

Certificate UL-BR 15.0030X

**Standards** ABNT NBR IEC 60079-0:2013, ABNT NBR IEC 60079-11:2013

**Markings** Ex ia IIC T4 Ga  $(-60 \,^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{T}_a < +60 \,^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

See Table 9-9 at the end of the Product Certifications section

for Entity Parameters

#### Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. When fitted with the transient terminal options, the equipment is not capable of withstanding the 500 V electrical strength test as defined in ABNT NBR IEC60079-11. This must be taken into account during installation.

2. The enclosure may be made from aluminum alloy with a protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact and abrasion when located in areas that require EPL Ga (Zone 0).

#### 9.7 China

### 9.7.1 E3 China Flameproof

**Certificate** GY|16.1339X

**Standards** GB3836.1-2010. GB3836.2-2010

**Markings** Ex d IIC T6...T1 Gb

 产品安全使用特殊条件
 证书编号后缀"X"表明产品具有安全使用特殊条件:涉及隔爆接合面的 维修须联系产品制造商。

产品使用注意事项

1. 产品使用环境温度与温度组别的关系为:

温度组别	环境温度
T6~T1	-50 °C ≤ T <sub>a</sub> ≤ +40 °C
T5~T1	-50 °C ≤ T <sub>a</sub> ≤ +60 °C

- 2. 产品外壳设有接地端子,用户在使用时应可靠接地
- 3. 安装现场应不存在对产品外壳有腐蚀作用的有害气体

4. 现场安装时,电缆引入口须选用国家指定的防爆检验机构按检验认可、具有 Ex dIIC 防爆等级的电缆引入装置或堵封件,冗余电缆引入口须用堵封件有效密封

- 5. 现场安装、使用和维护必须严格遵守"断电后开盖!"的警告语
- 6. 用户不得自行更换该产品的零部件,应会同产品制造商共同解决运 行中出现的故障,以杜绝损坏现象的发生
- 7. 产品的安装、使用和维护应同时遵守产品使用说明书、GB3836.13-2013"爆炸性环境第13部分:设备的修理、检修、修复和改造"、GB3836.15-2000"爆炸性气体环境用电气设备第15部分:危险场所电气安装(煤矿除外)"、GB3836.16-2006"爆炸性气体环境用电气设备第16部分:电气装置的检查和维护(煤矿除外)"和GB50257-2014"电气装置安装工程爆炸和火灾危险环境电力装置施工及验收规范"的有关规定

#### 9.7.2 I3 China Intrinsic Safety

**Certificate** GY|16.1338X

**Standards** GB3836.1-2010, GB3836.4-2010, GB3836.20-2010

**Markings** Ex ia IIC T4/T5/T6 Ga

 产品安全使用特殊条件 证书编号后缀"X"表明产品具有安全使用特殊条件:

- 1. 产品外壳含有轻金属,用于 0 区时需注意防止由于冲击或摩擦产生的点燃危险
- 2. 产品选用瞬态保护端子板(选项代码为 T1)时,此设备不能承受 GB3836.4-2010 标准中第 6.3.12 条规定的 500V 交流有效值试验电压的介电强度试验
- 产品使用注意事项
  - 1. 产品温度组别与使用环境温度范围的关系:

输出	温度组别	环境温度
HART®	Т6	$-60 ^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{a}} \le +50 ^{\circ}\text{C}$
	T5	-60 °C ≤ T <sub>a</sub> ≤ +75 °C
Fieldbus	T4	-60 °C ≤ T <sub>a</sub> ≤ +60 °C

#### 2. 本安电气参数:

Table 9-1: Power Loop Terminals (+ and -)

输出	最高输	最大输	最大输	最大内部等	效参数
	入电压 U <sub>i</sub> (V)	入电流 I <sub>i</sub> (mA)	入功率 P <sub>i</sub> (W)	C <sub>i</sub> (nF)	L <sub>i</sub> (μH)
HART	30	300	1	5	0
Fieldbus	30	300	1.3	2.1	0

#### Table 9-2: Sensor Terminals (1 to 5)

输出	最高输	最大输		最大内部等	效参数
	出电压 U <sub>o</sub> (V)	出电流 I <sub>o</sub> (mA)	出功率 P <sub>o</sub> (W)	C <sub>o</sub> (nF)	L <sub>o</sub> (µH)
HART	13.6	56	0.19	78	0
Fieldbus	13.9	23	0.079	7.7	0

Table 9-3: Load Connected to Sensor Terminals (1 to 5)

输出	组别	最大外部等效电路		
		C <sub>o</sub> (μ <b>F</b> )	L <sub>o</sub> (mH)	
HART	IIC	0.74	11.7	
	IIB	5.12	44	
	IIA	18.52	94	
Fieldbus	IIC	0.73	30.2	
	IIB	4.8	110.9	
	IIA	17.69	231.2	

温度变送器符合 GB3836.19-2010 标准对 FISCO 系统中现场仪表的 有关要求

其本安参数及内部最大等效参数如下:

最高输	最大输	最大输	最大内部等效	参数
入电压 U <sub>i</sub> (V)	入电流 I <sub>i</sub> (mA)	入功率 P <sub>i</sub> (W)	C <sub>i</sub> (nF)	L <sub>i</sub> (mH)
17.5	380	5.32	2.1	0

3. 该产品必须与已通过防爆认证的关联设备配套共同组成本安防爆系统方可使用于爆炸性气体环境。其系统接线必须同时遵守本产品和所配关联设备的使用说明书要求,接线端子不得接错

4. 该产品与关联设备的连接电缆应为带绝缘护套的屏蔽电缆,其屏蔽 层应在安全场所接地

- 5. 用户不得自行更换该产品的零部件,应会同产品制造商共同解决运 行中出现的故障,以杜绝损坏现象的发生
- 6. 产品的安装、使用和维护应同时遵守产品使用说明书、 GB3836.13-2013"爆炸性环境第13部分:设备的修理、检修、修 复和改造"、GB3836.15-2000"爆炸性气体环境用电气设备第15部分:危险场所电气安装(煤矿除外)"、GB3836.16-2006"爆炸性气体环境用电气设备第16部分:电气装置的检查和维护(煤矿除外)"、GB3836.18-2010"爆炸性环境第18部分:本质安全系统"和GB50257-2014"电气装置安装工程爆炸和火灾危险环境电力装置施工及验收规范"的有关规定

### 9.7.3 N3 China Type n

**Certificate** GYJ20.1086X [Fieldbus]; GYJ20.1091X [HART]

**Standards** GB3836.1-2010, GB3836.8-2014

**Markings** Ex nA IIC T5 Gc [Fieldbus]; Ex nA IIC T5/T6 Gc [HART]

Output	T code	Ambient temperature
Fieldbus	T5	-40 °C ≤ T <sub>a</sub> ≤ +75 °C
HART	Т6	$-40 ^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{a}} \le +50 ^{\circ}\text{C}$
	T5	-40 °C ≤ T <sub>a</sub> ≤ +75 °C

• 产品安全使用特殊条件

产品防爆合格证后缀"X"代表产品安全使用有特殊条件,即:当使用瞬态保护选项,此设备不能承受 GB3836.8-2003 标准中第 8.1 条规定的 500V 耐压试验,安装时必须考虑在内

- 产品使用注意事项
  - 产品使用环境温度为: -40 °C ≤ T<sub>a</sub> ≤ +70 °C (Fieldbus)
     HART

#### Table 9-4: HART

温度组别	环境温度
T5	-40 °C ≤ T <sub>a</sub> ≤ +75 °C
Т6	-40 °C ≤ T <sub>a</sub> ≤ +50 °C

2. 输入电压:32 Vdc(Fieldbus),42.4 Vdc(HART)

3. 现场安装时,电缆引入口须选用经国家指定的防爆检验机构检验认可的 Exe 或 Exn 型、螺纹规格为 14NPT 的电缆引入装置或封堵件,冗余电缆引入口须用封堵件有效密封

- 4. 现场安装时,电缆引入口须选用经国家指定的防爆检验机构检验认可的 Exe 或 Exn 型、螺纹规格为 14NPT 的电缆引入装置或封堵件, 冗余电缆引入口须用封堵件有效密封
- 5. 安装现场确认无可燃性气体存在时方可维修
- 6. 用户不得自行更换该产品的零部件,应会同产品制造商共同解决运 行中出现的故障,以杜绝损坏现象的发生
- 7. 产品的安装、使用和维护应同时遵守产品使用说明书、 GB3836.13-2013 "爆炸性环境 第 13 部分:设备的修理、检修、修 复和改造"、GB3836.15-2000 "爆炸性气体环境用电气设备 第 15 部分:危险场所电气安装(煤矿除外)"、GB3836.16-2006 "爆炸性气体环境用电气设备 第 16 部分:电气装置的检查和维护(煤矿除外)"和 GB50257-2014"电气装置安装工程爆炸和火灾危险环境电力装置施工及验收规范"的有关规定。

#### 9.8 EAC - Belarus, Kazakhstan, Russia

### 9.8.1 EM Technical Regulation Customs Union (EAC) Flameproof

**Standards** GOST 31610.0-2014, GOST IEC 60079-1-2013

**Markings** 1Ex db IIC T6...T1 Gb X, T6(-50 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +40 °C), T5...T1(-50 °C

 $\leq T_a \leq +60 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

See Process temperature limits for process temperatures.

### **Special Condition for Safe Use (X):**

 Non-standard paint options may cause risk of electrostatic discharge. Avoid installations that cause electrostatic build-up on painted surfaces and only clean the painted surfaces with a damp cloth. If paint is ordered through a special option code, contact the manufacturer for more information.

### 9.8.2 IM Technical Regulation Customs Union (EAC) Intrinsic Safety

**Standards** GOST 31610.0-2014, GOST IEC 60079-11-2014

**Markings** [HART]: 0Ex ia IIC T5, T6 Ga X, T6(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +50 °C), T5(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +75 °C);

[Fieldbus/PROFIBUS]: 0Ex ia IIC T4 Ga X, T4(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +60 °C

See Table 9-9 for entity parameters.

### Special Conditions for Safe Use (X):

1. When fitted with the transient terminal options, the apparatus is not capable of withstanding the 500 V electrical strength test as defined

in Clause 6.3.13 of GOST 31610.11-2014. This must be taken into account during installation.

2. The enclosure may be made from aluminum alloy with a protective polyurethane paint finish; however, care should be taken to protect it from impact or abrasion when located in Zone 0.

# 9.8.3 KM Technical Regulation Customs Union (EAC) Flameproof, Intrinsic Safety, and Dust

**Standards** GOST 31610.0-2014, GOST IEC 60079-1-2013, GOST IEC

60079-11-2014, GOST IEC 60079-31-2013

**Markings** Ex tb IIIC T130 °C Db X (-40 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +70 °C), IP 66 in addition

to markings listed for EM and IM above.

#### Special Condition for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for special conditions.

### 9.9 |apan

#### 9.9.1 E4 TIIS Flameproof

**Certificate** TC21038, TC21039

**Markings** Ex d IIC T5 (-20 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +60 °C)

**Certificate** TC16127, TC16128, TC16129, TC16130

**Markings** Ex d IIB T4 (-20 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>a</sub>  $\leq$  +55 °C)

#### 9.10 Korea

### 9.10.1 EP Korea Flameproof

Certificate 10-KB4BO-0011X

**Markings** Ex d IIC T6/T5; T6(-40 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>amb</sub>  $\leq$  +70 °C), T5(-40 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>amb</sub>  $\leq$  +80 °C)

### Special Condition for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for special conditions.

### 9.10.2 IP Korea Intrinsic Safety

Certificate 09-KB4BO-0028X

**Markings** Ex ia IIC T6/T5; T6(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>amb</sub>  $\leq$  +50 °C), T5(-60 °C  $\leq$  T<sub>amb</sub>  $\leq$  +75 °C)

### Special Condition for Safe Use (X):

1. See certificate for special conditions.

#### 9.11 Combinations

**K1** Combination of E1, I1, N1, and ND

**K2** Combination of E2 and I2

**K5** Combination of E5 and I5

**KB** Combination of K5, I6, and K6

**KP** Combination of EP and IP

#### 9.12 Tables

#### **Process temperature limits**

Table 9-5: Sensor Only (No Transmitter Installed)

Extension length		Process temperature [°C]					
		Gas Dust					
	T6	T5	T4	Т3	T2	T1	T130 °C
Any extension length	85	100	135	200	300	450	130

Table 9-6: Transmitter

Extension length	Process temperature [°C]						
		Gas Dust					Dust
	T6	T6 T5 T4 T3 T2 T1					
No extension	55	70	100	170	280	440	100
3-in. extension	55	70	110	190	300	450	110
6-in. extension	60	70	120	200	300	450	110
9-in. extension	65	75	130	200	300	450	120

Adhering to the process temperature limitations of Table 9-7 will ensure that the service temperature limitations of the LCD display cover are not exceeded. Process temperatures may exceed the limits defined in Table 9-7 if the temperature of the LCD display cover is verified to not exceed the service temperatures in Table 9-8 and the process temperatures do not exceed the values specified in Table 9-6.

Table 9-7: Transmitter with LCD Display Cover

Extension length	Process temperature [°C]				
		Dust			
	Т6	T5	T4T1	T130 ℃	
No extension	55	70	95	95	
3-in. extension	55	70	100	100	
6-in. extension	60	70	100	100	
9-in. extension	65	75	110	110	

Table 9-8: Transmitter with LCD Display Cover

Extension length	Service temperature [ ° C]			
	Gas Dust			
	T6	T5	T4T1	T130°C
Any extension length	65	75	95	95

#### **Entity parameters**

**Table 9-9: Entity Parameters** 

Parameters	HART	Fieldbus/ PROFIBUS	FISCO
Voltage U <sub>i</sub> (V)	30	30	17.5
Current I <sub>i</sub> (mA)	300	300	380
Power P <sub>i</sub> (W)	1	1.3	5.32
Capacitance C <sub>i</sub> (nF)	5	2.1	2.1
Inductance L <sub>i</sub> (mH)	0	0	0

### 9.13 Additional certifications

### SBS American Bureau of Shipping (ABS) Type Approval

Certificate 16-HS1488352-PDA

**Intended use** Measurement of temperature for marine and offshore

applications

#### SBV Bureau Veritas (BV) Type Approval

Certificate 23154

**Requirements** Bureau Veritas Rules for the Classification of Steel Ships

**Application** Class notations: AUT-UMS, AUT-CCS, AUT-PORT and AUT-

IMS; Temperature transmitter type 3144P cannot be

installed on diesel engines.

#### SDN Det Norske Veritas (DNV) Type Approval

**Certificate** TAA00001JK

**Intended use** Det Norske Veritas' Rules for Classification of Ships, High

Speed & Light Craft and Det Norske Veritas' Offshore

Standards

### **Application** Table 9-10: Location Classes

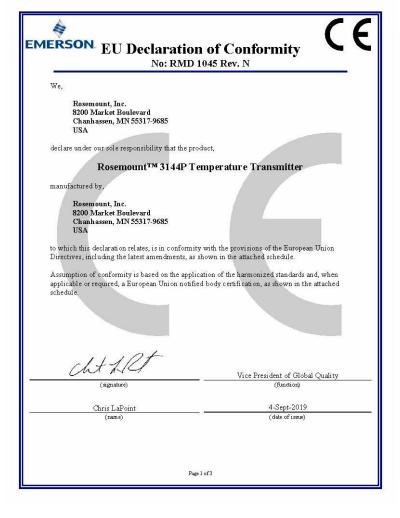
Temperature	D
Humidity	В
Vibration	A
EMC	A
Enclosure	D

#### SLL Lloyds Register (LR) type approval

Certificate 11/60002

**Application** Environmental categories ENV1, ENV2, ENV3, and ENV5

### 9.14 Declaration of conformity







### EMC Directive (2014/30/EU)

Harmonized Standards: EN61326-1:2013, EN61326-2-3: 2013

#### ATEX Directive (2014/34/EU)

#### Rosemount 3144P Temperature Transmitter (4-20mA/HART Output)

#### BAS01ATEX1431X – Intrinsic Safety Certificate

Equipment Group II, Category 1 G (Ex ia IIC T5/T6 Ga) Harmonized Standards: EN IEC 60079-0: 2018, EN60079-11:2012

BAS01ATEX3432X - Type n Certificate
Equipment Group II, Category 3 G (Ex nA IIC T5/T6 Gc) Harmonized Standards: EN IEC 60079-0:2018, EN60079-15:2010

#### Rosemount 3144P Temperature Transmitter (Fieldbus Output)

#### Baseefa03ATEX0708X - Intrinsic Safety Certificate

Equipment Group II, Category 1 G (Ex ia IIC T4 Ga) Harmonized Standards: EN IEC 60079-0:2018, EN60079-11:2012

#### Baseefa03ATEX0709 - Type n Certificate

Equipment Group II, Category 3 G (Ex nA IIC T5 Gc) Harmonized Standards:

EN IEC 60079-0:2018, EN60079-15:2010

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#### Rosemount 3144P Temperature Transmitter (all Output Protocols)

#### FMI2ATEX0065X - Dust Certificate

Equipment Group II, Category 2 D (Ex th IIIC T130°C Db) Harmonized Standards: EN 60079-0:2012+A11:2013, EN 60079-31:2014

#### FM12ATEX0065X - Flameproof Certificate

Equipment Group II, Category 2 G (Ex db IIC T6...T1 Gb) Harmonized Standards: EN 60079-0:2012+A11:2013. EN 60079-1:2014

#### ATEX Notified Bodies

SGS FIMKO OY [Notified Body Number: 0598]

P.O. Box 30 (Särkiniementie 3) 00211 HELSINKI Finland

FM Approvals Europe Limited [Notified Body Number: 2809]

One Georges Quay Plaza Dublin, Ireland. D02 E440

#### ATEX Notified Body for Quality Assurance

SGS FIMKO OY [Notified Body Number: 0598] P.O. Box 30 (Sarkiniementie 3) 00211 HELSINKI Finland

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#### 9.15 China RoHS

危害物质成分表 00079-2000, Rev AB

罗斯蒙特产品型号 3144P 7/1/2016

### 含有 China RoHS 管控物质超过最大浓度限值的部件型号列表 3144P List of 3144P Parts with China RoHS Concentration above MCVs

		有害物质/Hazardous Substances					
部件名称 Part Name	铅 Lead (Pb)	汞 Mercury (Hg)	镉 Cadmium (Cd)	六价铬 Hexavalent Chromium (Cr +6)	多溴联苯 Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	多溴联苯醚 Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)	
电子组件 Electronics Assembly	×	0	0	0	0	0	
壳体组件 Housing Assembly	0	0	0	Х	0	0	
传感器组件 Sensor Assembly	×	0	0	0	0	0	

本表格系依据 SJ/T11364 的规定而制作.

This table is proposed in accordance with the provision of SJ/T11364.

- O: 意为该部件的所有均质材料中该有害物质的含量均低于 GB/T 26572 所規定的限量要求.
  O: Indicate that said hazardous substance in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement of GB/T 26572.
- X: 意为在该部件所使用的所有均质材料里,至少有一类均质材料中该有害物质的含量高于 GB/T 26572 所规定的限量要
- X: Indicate that said hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials used for this part is above the limit requirement of GB/T 26572.

部件名称	组装备件说明
Part Name	Spare Parts Descriptions for Assemblies
电子组件	电子线路板组件 Electronic Board Assemblies
Electronics	墙子块组件 Terminal Block Assemblies
Assembly	液晶显示屏或本地操作界面 LCD or LOI Display
壳体组件 Housing Assembly	电子外壳 Electrical Housing



Quick Start Guide 00825-0100-4021, Rev. PA March 2020

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