# Top mounting T20 and T21 



Top mounting liquid level switches are shipped from the factory with the float removed from the head assembly and packed separately in the same container. Unpack the instrument carefully. Make sure all components have been removed from the packing material. Inspect all components for damage. Report any concealed damage to the carrier withing 24 hours. Check the contents of the packing slip and report any discrepancies to the factory. Check the nameplate model number to be sure it agrees with the packing slip and purchase order. Check and record the serial number for future reference when ordering parts.


These units are in conformity with the provisions of:

1. Directive $2014 / 34 / E U$ for Equipment or protective system for use in potentially explosive atmospheres. EC-type examination certificate number ISSeP01ATEX027X (intrinsic safe units) or ISSeP09ATEX024X (Ex d units).
2. The PED directive 2014/68/EU (pressure equipment directive). Safety accessories per category IV module H 1 .

CAUTION: The float stem protruding from the head assembly is extremely fragile. DO NOT handle or place in a position such that any amount of force is placed on the stem. Proper operation of the control requires that the stem is not damaged or bent.

## SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR ATEX INTRINSICALLY SAFE USE

When the enclosure is made of aluminium, if it is mounted in an area where the use of category 1 G apparatus is required, it must be installed such, that, even in the event of rare incidents, ignition sources due to impact and friction sparks are excluded.

## INTRODUCTION

T20 and T21 units are simple, reliable float switches designed for top mounting to tanks or vessels. T20 units utilize a single switch mechanism and float. T21 tandem units utilize two switch mechanisms and two separate floats when widely spaced actuating levels are required. T20 and T21 tandem models are available for any type of open or closed vessel with either threaded or flanged type mounting and actuating depths up to 1219 mm (48 inches).

## PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

The simple and foolproof operation of the top mounted float switches is illustrated in figures 1 and 2.
A permanent magnet $(1)$ is attached to a pivoted switch actuator and adjustment screw (2). As the float (3) rises following the liquid level, it raises the attraction sleeve (4) into the field of the magnet, which then snaps against the non-magnetic enclosing tube (5), actuating the switch (©. The enclosing tube provides a static pressure boundary between the switch mechanism and the process. On a falling level, an inconel spring retracts the magnet, deactivating the switch.


## MOUNTING

CAUTION: Operation of all buoyancy type level devices should be done in such a way as to minimize the action of dynamic forces on the float. Good practice for reducing the likelihood of damage to the control is to equalize pressure across the device very slowly.

Ensure that no tubes, rods, or other obstacles in the tank or vessel which could interfere with the operation of float(s).
Before assembling control to tank or vessel, check threaded or flanged mounting nozzle for the following:

- Nozzle length and inside diameter must be sized correctly to allow for switch actuation at design levels within the maximum differential available.
- Nozzle should be checked for horizontal alignment. Finished mounting must allow control switch housing to be within $3^{\circ}$ degrees of vertical for proper operation. A three degree slant is noticeable by eye, but installation should be checked with a spirit level.

CAUTION: All units are shipped from the factory with the enclosing tube tightened and the switch housing set screw locked to the enclosing tube. Failure to loosen the set screw prior to repositioning the supply and output connections may cause the enclosing tube to loosen, resulting in possible leakage of the process liquid or vapor.

NOTE: If control is equipped with pneumatic switch mechanism, disregard these instruction and refer to instruction bulletin BE 42-685 and BE 42-686 on mechanism furnished for air (or gas) connections.
The units are shipped with the cable entry of the switch housing placed $90^{\circ}$ opposite the tank connections to simplify installation in most cases. If the location of the cable entry on the level switch is appropriate to the installation, proceed to Step 4 to begin wiring the unit. If another configuration is desired, the switch housing can be easily rotated by first following Steps 1, 2, and 3.

1. Loosen set screw(s) at base of switch housing. Refer to Figure 3.
2. Switch housing may be rotated $360^{\circ}$ to allow correct positioning of cable entry.
3. Tighten set screw(s) at base of switch housing.
4. Unscrew and remove switch housing cover. The threads have been lubricated to facilitate removal.

CAUTION: DO NOT attempt to unscrew cover of ATEX explosion proof housings before loosening locking screw in cover (Figure 3 - ATEX cast aluminium) or base (Figure 4 - ATEX cast iron) of housing. ALWAYS retighten locking screw after replacing cover.


NOTE: For supply connections use wire with a minimum rating of $75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, as required by process conditions. Use a minimum of 14 AWG wire for power and ground field wires. On high temperature applications (above $120{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left[250{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right]$ at mounting flange or bushing), high temperature wire should be used between control and first junction box located in a cooler area.
5. The switch terminals are located next to the cable entry to facilitate wiring. Bring supply wires through cable entry. Route extra wire around enclosing tube under the baffle plate, and connect them to the proper terminals. Refer to the wiring diagram.
6. Dress wiring to ensure no interference or contact with the switch actuation arm, or replacement of switch housing cover.

NOTE: Observe all applicable electrical codes and proper wiring procedures.
Prevent moisture seepage into the enclosure by installing approved cable glands.
CAUTION: For units with explosion proof housing, do not power the unit until the cable gland is sealed and the enclosure cover is screwed down securely.
7. Replace housing cover and retighten locking screw in case of ATEX explosion proof housing.
8. Test switch action by varying liquid level in the tank or vessel. The upper switch on Model T21 units is actuated by movement of the lower float, while the lower switch is actuated by the upper float.

NOTE: If switch mechanism fails to function properly, check vertical alignment of control housing and consult installation bulletin on switch mechanisms furnished.
9. Check cover to base fit to be certain gasketed joint is tight. A positive seal is necessary to prevent infiltration of moisture laden air or corrosive gasses into switch housing.
For wiring diagrams, refer to the specific bulletin listed in the chart below:

| Switch Series Letter | Description | Bulletin No. |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| B, C, D, F, O, Q, R, U, W, X, 8, 9 | Dry Contact Switch | BE 42-683 |
| HS | Hermetically Sealed Snap Switch | BE 42-694 |
| V | Inductive Proximity Switch | BE 42-798 |
| $J$ | Bleed Type Pneumatic Switch | BE 42-685 |
| K | Non-Bleed Type Pneumatic Switch | BE 42-686 |

The standard differential of the single float model T20 may be field adjusted. Adjustment may be necessary if a wider differential needs to be set to overcome switch chatter caused by the process.
The differential, or the amount of level travel between switch-on and switch-off, may be adjusted by repositioning the lower jam nuts on the float stem. The standard factory setting is for a minimum amount of play (gap) between the top jam nuts and the attraction sleeve as shown in Figure 6.

NOTE: For assistance in computing level differential change for a specific control, consult the factory giving the model and serial numbers of the control.

CAUTION: Maximum differential adjustment is $13 \mathrm{~mm}\left(0.5^{\prime \prime}\right)$.

NOTE: To widen the differential $13 \mathrm{~mm}\left(0.5^{\prime \prime}\right)$, the lower jam nuts must be set proportionately lower on the stem (i.e. in this example $13 \mathrm{~mm}\left(0.5^{\prime \prime}\right)$ ).

CAUTION: Before attempting any work on the control, pull disconnect switch, or otherwise assure that electrical circuit(s) through the control is deactivated. Close operating medium supply valve on controls equipped with pneumatic switch mechanisms.

1. Determine what change in differential is necessary.
2. Make sure power source is turned off.
3. Unscrew and remove switch housing cover.
4. Disconnect power supply wires from switch mechanism. Pull wires out of cable gland opening in housing base. Refer to Figure 5.

5 Perform system shut-down procedures as required to relieve pressure from tank or vessel and drain off liquid head, if required. Allow unit to cool.

NOTE: The amount of level travel between switchon and switch-off actuations (differential) may be field adjusted by repositioning the lower jam nuts on the float stem. The standard factory setting is for a minimum amount of play (gap) between the top jam nuts and the attraction sleeve, as shown in Figure 6. This setting may be increased to a maximum of $13 \mathrm{~mm}\left(0.50^{\prime \prime}\right)$, as shown in Figure 7.
6. Remove switch housing assembly by loosening enclosing tube nut, which is located immediately below housing base. Refer to Figure 5.


Figure 5

7. With switch housing and enclosing tube removed, jam nuts and attraction sleeve are accessible. Measure position of upper jam nuts from stem end; then loosen and remove upper jam nuts, guide washer, and attraction sleeve.
8. Loosen and adjust lower jam nuts to desired position. Make certain jam nuts are retightened securely.

NOTE: Use new enclosing tube gasket in assembly of switch housing to the mounting bushing or flange. For part numbers, refer to replacement part section.
9. Test switch actuation by varying liquid level in tank or vessel.

CAUTION: Instructions given are for standard base model units which use a single magnet switch mechanism only. No differential adjustment should be attempted on tandem float models (T21) in the field. Switch actuation levels have been set at the factory to meet specific customer specifications. Variations in actual conditions from design conditions usually requires special control modifications. Consult with the factory or local representative for assistance.

## PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Periodic inspections are a necessary means to keep your level control in good working order. This control is a safety device to protect the valuable equipment it serves. A systematic program of "preventive maintenance" must be implemented when the control is placed into service. If the following sections on "What to do" and "What to avoid" are observed, your control will provide reliable protection of your equipment for many years.

## What to do

## 1. Keep control clean

Be sure the switch housing cover is always in place on the control. This cover is designed to keep dust and dirt from interfering with switch mechanism operation. In addition, it protects against damaging moisture and acts as a safety feature by keeping bare wires and terminals from being exposed. Should the housing cover become damaged or misplaced, order a replacement immediately.
2. Inspect switch mechanisms, terminals and connections regularly
Dry contact switches should be inspected for excessive wear on actuating lever or misalignment of adjustment screw at point of contact between screw and lever. Such wear can cause false switch actuating levels ${ }^{(1)}$.
DO NOT operate your control with defective or maladjusted switch mechanisms ${ }^{\circledR}$.

Level controls may sometimes be exposed to excessive heat or moisture. Under such conditions, insulation on electrical wiring may become brittle, eventually breaking or peeling away. The resulting "bare" wires can cause short circuits.

NOTE: Check wiring carefully and replace at the first sign of brittle insulation.

Vibration may sometimes cause terminal screws to loosen. Check all terminal connections to be certain that screws are tight.
On units with pneumatic switches, air (or gas) lines subjected to vibration, may eventually crack or become loose at connections causing leakage. Check lines and connections carefully and repair or replace, if necessary
NOTE: Spare switches should be kept on hand at all times.
3. Inspect entire unit periodically

Isolate control from vessel. Raise and lower liquid level to check for switch contact and reset.

## What to avoid

1. NEVER leave switch housing cover of the control longer than necessary to make routine inspections.
2. NEVER use lubricants on pivots of switch mechanisms. A sufficient amount of lubricant has been applied at the factory to insure a lifetime of service. Further oiling is unnecessary and will only tend to attract dust and dirt which can interfere with mechanism operation.
3. NEVER attempt to make adjustments or replace switches without reading instructions carefully. Certain adjustments provided for in Magnetrol controls should not be attempted in the field. When in doubt, consult the factory or your local Magnetrol representative.
4. NEVER place a jumper wire across terminals to "cut-out" the control. If a "jumper" is necessary for test purposes, be certain it is removed before placing control into service.
[^0]Usually the first indication of improper operation is failure of the controlled equipment to function-pump will not start (or stop), signal lamps fail to light, etc. When these symptoms occur, whether at time of installation or during routing service thereafter, check the following potential external causes first.

- Fuses may be blown.
- Reset button(s) may need resetting.
- Power switch may be open.
- Controlled equipment may be faulty.
- Stem may be bent causing hang-up.
- Wiring (or medium lines) leading to control may be defective.

If a thorough inspection of these possible conditions fails to locate the trouble, proceed next to a check of the control's switch mechanism.

## Check switch mechanism

1. Pull disconnect switch or otherwise assure that electrical circuit(s) through the control is deactivated.
2. Remove switch housing cover.
3. Disconnect power wiring from switch assembly.
4. Swing magnet assembly in and out by hand, checking carefully for any sign of binding. Assembly should require minimal force, to move it through its full swing.
5. If binding exists, magnet may be rubbing enclosing tube. If magnet is rubbing, loosen magnet clamp screw and shift magnet position. Retighten magnet clamp screw.
6. If switch magnet assembly swings freely and mechanism still fails to actuate, check installation of control to be certain it is within the specified three $\left(3^{\circ}\right)$ degrees of vertical (use spirit level on side of enclosing tube in two places, $90^{\circ}$ apart).
7. Check switch continuity with ohm meter. Replace immediately if found defective.

NOTE: Spare switches should be kept on hand at all times.
8. If switch mechanism is operating satisfactorily, a test of the complete control's performance is the next likely step.

## Test control's performance

1. Reconnect power supply and carefully actuate switch mechanism manually (using a non-conductive tool on electrical switch mechanism) to dertermine whether controlled equipment will operate.

CAUTION: With electrical power "on" care should be taken to avoid contact with switch leads and connections at terminal block.
2. If controlled equipment responds to manual actuation test, trouble may be located in level sensing portion of the control float(s), stem(s) and magnetic attracting sleeve(s).

NOTE: Check first to be certain liquid is entering tank or vessel. A valve may be closed or pipe line plugged.

CAUTION: Be certain to pull disconnect switch or otherwise assure that electrical circuit(s) through control is deactivated. Close operating medium supply valve on controls equipped with pneumatic switch mechanisms.
3. With liquid in tank or vessel, raise the liquid level above the set points. Magnets should "pull-in" on rising level. On Model T21 the lower float actuates the upper switch, and the upper float actuates the lower switch. If magnets fail to "pull-in", lower the level and purge pressure.
A. Disconnect wiring from supply side of switch mechanism(s) and remove electrical conduit or operating medium line connections to switch housing.
B. Relieve pressure from tank or vessel and allow unit to cool.
C. Remove switch housing assembly by loosening set screw located immediately below housing base.
4. With switch housing assembly removed, inspect attracting sleeve(s) and inside of enclosing tube for excessive corrosion or solids build-up which could restrict movement, preventing sleeve(s) from reaching field of switch magnet(s).
5. If differential has been changed in the field, check tightness and position of the jam nuts.

NOTE: Differential adjustment affects a change in the amount of level travel between "switch on" and "switch off" actuations. Do NOT attempt adjustment without first consulting factory for assistance in computing level differential change for your control.
6. Check float to be certain it is buoyant in the liquid (tank or vessel must have adequate liquid level). If float is determined to be filled with liquid or collapsed, it must be replaced immediately. Do NOT attempt to repair a float.

If all the components in the control are in operating condition, the trouble must be (and should be) located external to the control. Repeat inspection of external conditions previously described.

| AGENCY | APPROVED MODEL | AREA CLASSIFICATION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ATEX | All with electric switch mechanism and housing listed as ATEX Ex d | ATEX II 2 G Ex d IIC T6 Gb |
|  | All with electric switch mechanism and housing listed as ATEX Ex ia | ATEX II 1 G EEx ia IIC T6 |
| FM | All with electric switch mechanism and housing listed as NEMA 7/9 | Class I, Div 1, groups C \& D <br> Class II, Div 1, Groups E, F \& G |
|  | Consult factory for proper model numbers | Class I, Div 1, groups B, C \& D <br> Class II, Div 1, Groups E, F \& G |
| IECEx | All with electric switch mechanism and housing listed as ATEX Ex d | Ex d IIC T6 Gb |
| CSA | Consult factory for proper model numbers | Class I, Div 1, groups C \& D <br> Class II, Div 1, Groups E, F \& G |
|  | Consult factory for proper model numbers | Class I, Div 1, groups B, C \& D <br> Class II, Div 1, Groups E, F \& G |
| EAC (Russia, Kazakhstan, Belarus) | All with electric switch mechanism and housing listed as ATEX Ex d | 1Ex d IIC T6 Gb |
|  | All with electric switch mechanism and housing listed as ATEX Ex ia | OEx ia IIC T4 Ga |
| LRS Kloyd's Register | Lloyds Register of Shipping | Marine approval |
| CE ( | The units are conform to the ATEX directive 2014/34/EU, The PED directive 2014/68/EU and the Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU |  |

## SPECIFICATIONS

Basic electrical ratings

| Voltage | Switch Series and Non-Inductive Ampere Rating |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | B | C | D | F | HS | R | U | W | X | 8 | 9 |
| 120 V AC | 15.00 | 15.00 | 10.00 | 2.50 | 5.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 0.50 | 1.00 | - |
| 240 V AC | 15.00 | 15.00 | - | - | 5.00 | 1.00 | - | 1.00 | 0.50 | - | - |
| 24 V DC | 6.00 | 6.00 | 10.00 | 4.00 | 5.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 3.00 | 0.50 | 3.00 | 0.50 |
| 120 V DC | 0.50 | 1.00 | 10.00 | 0.30 | 0.50 | 0.40 | - | 0.50 | 0.50 | - | - |
| 240 V DC | 0.25 | 0.50 | 3.00 | - | 0.25 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

## Pressure temperature ratings

| Process temperature Process pressure (for higher ratings consult factory) | ø $76 \times 127 \mathrm{~mm}$ (3" x 5") float | Up to 34,5 bar ( 500 psi ) @ $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ Up to $540^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(1000^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) @ 23,1$ bar ( 335 psi ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\varnothing 89 \times 152 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> ( $3^{1 / 2 " 1} \times 6$ ") float | Up to $34,5 \operatorname{bar}(500 \mathrm{psi}) @ 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ Up to $540^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(1000^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) @ 26,4$ bar ( 383 psi ) |
|  | $\varnothing 102 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> (4") float | Up to $41,3 \operatorname{bar}(600 \mathrm{psi}) @ 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ Up to $540^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(1000^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) @ 31,6$ bar ( 459 psi ) |
|  | $\varnothing 114 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> (4 $1 / 2$ ") float | Up to $34,5 \operatorname{bar}(500 \mathrm{psi}) @ 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ Up to $540^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(1000^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) @ 26,4$ bar ( 383 psi ) |



Model T20 with 1" NPT


Model T20 with flange

| Housing type | Models | V | W | © X | Y | Z |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| WeatherproofFM (NEMA 7/9) ATEX (Cast Alu) | T20 with HS-switch | 257 (10.12) | 42 (1.66) | 151 (5.93) | 109 (4.29) | M20 x 1,5 (*) or 1" NPT |
|  | T20 excl. HS-switch | 202 (7.94) |  |  |  | $\left(^{*}\right)$ not for FM (NEMA 7/9) |
| Weatherproof (CS/Aluminium) | T20 | 165 (6.50) | 39 (1.54) | 118 (4.65) | 83 (3.27) | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3 / 4^{\prime \prime} \text { NPT } \\ \text { (single entry) } \end{gathered}$ |
| ATEX (Cast Iron) | T20 | 249 (9.80) | 45 (1.77) | 143 (5.63) | 110 (4.33) | $\begin{gathered} \text { M20 x } 1,5 \text { or } 3 / 4 \text { " NPT } \\ \text { (single entry - } 2 \text { entries at request) } \end{gathered}$ |
| Pneumatics <br> Series J <br> Bleed Type | T20 | 165 (6.50) | 39 (1.54) | 118 (4.65) | 110 (4.33) | 1/4" NPT |
| Pneumatics <br> Series K <br> Non Bleed |  |  |  |  | 130 (5.12) |  |

Allow 200 mm (7.87") overhead clearance / All housings are $360^{\circ}$ rotatable

Float selection and max actuating level

| Liquid Specific Gravity | Float Size mm (inches) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \varnothing 76 \times 127 \\ (3 " \times 5 ") \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 089 \times 152 \\ (3 & 1 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 6 \end{array}\right)$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \varnothing 102 \\ \left(4^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 0 \\ & (4114 \\ & \left(4122^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{aligned}$ |
| 1,00 | 991 (39) | 1219 (48) | 1219 (48) | 1219 (48) |
| 0,90 | 508 (20) | 1219 (48) | 838 (33) | 1219 (48) |
| 0,80 | - | 1219 (48) | 279 (11) | 1219 (48) |
| 0,70 | - | 838 (33) | - | 965 (38) |
| 0,60 | - | - | - | 152 (6) |

[^1]Model T21 dimensional data in mm (inches)


Model T21 with flange

NOTE: On model T21, the lower float actuates the upper switch mechanism. The upper float actuates the lower switch mechanism.

| Housing type | Models | $\mathbf{V}$ | $\mathbf{W}$ | $\boldsymbol{\sigma}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{Z}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weatherproof- <br> FM (NEMA 7/9) - <br> ATEX (Cast Alu) | T21 | $257(10.12)$ | $42(1.66)$ | $151(5.93)$ | $109(4.29)$ | M20 $\times 1,5$ (*) or 1" NPT <br> $(2$ entries -1 plugged) <br> (*) not for FM (NEMA 7/9) |
| Weatherproof <br> (CS/Aluminium) | T21 | $216(8.50)$ | $39(1.54)$ | $118(4.65)$ | $83(3.27)$ | $3 / 4 "$ NPT <br> (single entry) |
| ATEX (Cast Iron) | T21 | $249(9.80)$ | $45(1.77)$ | $143(5.63)$ | $110(4.33)$ | M20 $\times 1,5$ or 3/4" NPT <br> (single entry -2 entries at request) |

Allow 200 mm (7.87") overhead clearance / All housings are $360^{\circ}$ rotatable

Float selection and max actuating level ${ }^{(1)}$

| Liquid Specific Gravity | Float Size mm (inches) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 076 \times 127 \\ \left(3^{\prime \prime} \times 5^{\prime \prime}\right) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \varnothing 102 \\ \left(4^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \varnothing \\ & \varnothing \\ & (4114 \\ & \hline 12 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Upper | Lower | Upper | Lower | Upper | Lower |
| 1,00 | 533 (21) | 1219 (48) | 813 (32) | 1219 (48) | 1016 (40) | 1219 (48) |
| 0,90 | 229 (9) | 762 (30) | 457 (18) | 1118 (44) | 1016 (40) | 1219 (48) |
| 0,80 | - | - | 102 (4) | 533 (21) | 1016 (40) | 1219 (48) |
| 0,70 | - | - | - | - | 533 (21) | 1219 (48) |

[^2]

T20


T21

REPLACEMENT PARTS

| ITEM | DESCRIPTION |  | SINGLE FLOAT MODELS |  | TANDEM FLOAT MODELS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | T20-A | T20-B/D | T21-A | T21-B/D |
| 1 | Housing Cover | Housing Kits | Refer to bulletin on switch mechanism and housing furnished (listed on page 3). |  |  |  |
| 2 | Housing Base |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Switch Mechanism(s) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Attraction Sleeve | Float Stem Kit <br> (1) (2) | consult factory |  |  |  |
| 5 | Jam Nuts |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | Guide Washer(s) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Float Stem |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Float | $\begin{gathered} \text { FLOAT SIZE } \\ 3^{\prime \prime} \times 5^{\prime \prime} \end{gathered}$ | Z07-1202-003 |  | Z07-1202-003 |  |
|  |  | $3,5^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$ | Z07-1202-009 |  | Z07-1202-009 |  |
|  |  | 4" | Z07-1102-008 |  | Z07-1102-008 |  |
|  |  | 4.50" | Z07-1102-009 |  | Z07-1102-009 |  |
| 9 | Attraction Sleeve, Stop Tube, and Washers | Upper Float and Tube Assy. Kit (1) (2) | not applicable |  | consult factory |  |
| 10 | Retaining Rings |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Float and Tube Assy. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Adaptor Bushing |  | consult factory |  | 004-5734-123 |  |
| 13 | Stem Guide Tube (2) |  |  |  | not applicable |  |
| 14 | E-Tube Gasket |  | 012-1204-001 |  |  |  |
| 15 | Enclosing Tube Kit (includes E-tube gasket item 14) | Cast iron housing | 089-5933-029 |  |  |  |
|  |  | Cast aluminium housing | 089-5933-027 |  | 089-5933-028 |  |
|  |  | Pneumatic switch housing | 089-5933-027 |  | not applicable |  |
| 16 | Mounting Flange (3) |  | consult factory |  |  |  |

## IMPORTANT

When ordering, please specify:
A. Model and serial number of control.
B. Name and number of replacement part or assembly (Kit).

## NOTES:

(1) All replacements furnished in kit form are for standard base models which use single magnet switch mechanisms only. Consult local representative for ordering assistance on all special model replacement parts not included in above listing.
(2) Float stem and tube component lengths are cut to meet original customer specifications. When ordering these replacement kits, be certain to always give complete model and serial numbers of control.
(3) When ordering flanges, please specify serial number, type and size.
(4) Float cages are specially built to meet original customer specifications. When ordering, specify part numbers of float guide cage and gasket (as charted above relative to size of float and mounting flange respectively), as well as an overall cage length dimension from original assembly.

A complete measuring system consists of:
Code for T20 models (each unit is factory calibrated to operate on a given specific gravity within the min and the max values listed per model)

MODEL NUMBER CODE AND MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION

| Model No. | Set points | Process /Tank connection | Float and trim | Magnetic sleeve |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| T20-A | Carbon steel |  | 400 series SST |  |
| T20-B |  | 316 SST (1.4401) |  |  |
| T20-D |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Important: Actuating level, in either the rising or falling state, and specific gravity must be provided upon placement of order. The maximum available actuating level is governed by the liquid specific gravity and selected float size as given in the table below. The minimum actuating level is 102 mm ( 4 inches).

FLOAT SELECTION AND MAX ACTUATING LEVEL ${ }^{(1)}$

| Liquid <br> Specific Gravity | Float Size mm (inches) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \hline \varnothing 76 \times 127 \\ \left(3^{\prime \prime} \times 5^{\prime \prime}\right) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \varnothing 102 \\ \left(4^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \sigma 114 \\ & \left(41 / 2^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{aligned}$ |
| 1,00 | 991 (39) | 1219 (48) | 1219 (48) | 1219 (48) |
| 0,90 | 508 (20) | 1219 (48) | 838 (33) | 1219 (48) |
| 0,80 | - | 1219 (48) | 279 (11) | 1219 (48) |
| 0,70 | - | 838 (33) | - | 965 (38) |
| 0,60 | - | - | - | 152 (6) |

${ }^{(1)}$ The minimum actuation level is 102 mm (4")

## FLOAT PRESSURE RATINGS

| Float Size mm (inches) | Pressure Rating bar (PSIG) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \left(100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 400^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \left(750^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 480^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{\circ}{ }^{\circ} \\ \left(900^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 540{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}{ }^{(1)} \\ & \left(1000^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \varnothing 76 \times 127 \\ \left(3^{\prime \prime} \times 5^{\prime \prime}\right) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34,4 \\ (500) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26,0 \\ & (377) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24,3 \\ (353) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23,1 \\ & (335) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \varnothing 89 \times 152 \\ & \left(31 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 6 \text { " }\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34,4 \\ & (500) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27,7 \\ & (403) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 26,7 \\ & (388) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26,4 \\ & (383) \end{aligned}$ |
| Ø 102 (4") | 41,3 (600) | 33,3 (483) | 32,0 (465) | 31,6 (459) |
| Ø 114 (4 ½") | 34,4 (500) | 27,7 (403) | 26,7 (388) | 26,4 (383) |

${ }^{(1)}$ Upon prolonged exposure to temperatures above $425^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(800{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, the carbide phase of steel may be converted to graphite.
Permissible but not recommended for prolonged use above $425{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ( $800^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ ). (Applies to models T20-A \& T20-B.)

TANK CONNECTION AND FLOAT SIZE

| Tank Connection | Float sizes |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \varnothing 76 \times 127 \mathrm{~mm} \\ \left(3^{\prime \prime} \times 55^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \varnothing 102 \mathrm{~mm} \\ \left(4^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \varnothing 114 \mathrm{~mm} \\ \left(41 / 2^{2 \prime}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \varnothing 89 \times 152 \mathrm{~mm} \\ \left(3 \mathrm{l} 12^{1 "} \times 6{ }^{\prime \prime}\right) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Threaded NPT connection |  |  |  |
| 1" NPT | B2A | B2B | B2C | B2D |
|  | ASME Flanges ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |
| 4" 150 lbs RF | H3A | - | - | H3D ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| 4" 300 lbs RF | H4A | - | - | $\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{D}{ }^{(2)}$ |
| 5" 150 lbs RF | J3A | J3B | J3C ${ }^{(2)}$ | J3D |
| 5" 300 lbs RF | J4A | J4B | J4C ${ }^{(2)}$ | J4D |
| 6" 150 lbs RF | K3A | K3B | K3C | K3D |
| 6" 300 lbs RF | K4A | K4B | K4C | K4D |
| 8" 150 lbs RF | L3A | L3B | L3C | L3D |
|  | EN 1092-1 flanges ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |
| DN 100 PN16, Type B1 | 8FA | - | - | 8FD ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| DN 100 PN 25/40, Type B1 | 8GA | - | - | 8GD ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| DN 150 PN16, Type B1 | 9FA | 9FB | 9FC | 9FD |
| DN 150 PN 25/40, Type B1 | 9GA | 9GB | 9GC | 9GD |
| Flanges are threaded onto Float cannot pass S160 no | T bushing r greater |  |  |  |

SELECT ELECTRIC SWITCH MECHANISM \& HOUSING

| Switch Description | Process ${ }^{(1)}$ Temperature Range ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | Contacts | T20-A Models |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | T20-B and T20-D Models |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Weather proof (IP 66) |  | ATEX (IP 66) |  |  |  |  |  | FM <br> (IP 66)$\|$ | Weather proof (IP 66) |  | ATEX (IP 66) |  |  |  |  |  | FM <br> (IP 66)$\|$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\\| 26 \mathrm{Exdal}$ IT6 Gb |  |  |  | $\frac{\\| 1 \text { G EEx i IlC TG } 6}{\text { Cast Aluminium }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \|| 16 EExialicta |  |  |
|  |  |  | Cast Auminium |  | Cast Auminium |  | Castion |  |  |  | Cast Auminium | CastAuminium |  | Castion |  | Cast Auminium |  |  |
|  |  |  | m2xat,5 | 1 " NPT | M20x, 5 | 1"NPT | M20x1,5 | 344 NPT | M20x, 5 | 1" NPT |  | M20x, 5 | 1 " NPT | M20x, 5 | ${ }^{14 \mathrm{NPT}}$ | M20x, 5 | 34"NTT | M20x, 5 | 1 " ${ }^{\text {PPT }}$ |  |
| Series B Snap switch | $\begin{gathered} -40 \text { to }+120 \\ (-40 \text { to }+250) \end{gathered}$ | 1x SPDT | B2P | BAP | BHC | BAC | BK7 | BU7 | - | - |  | BKP | B2Q | BAQ | BH9 | BA9 | BK5 | BU5 | - | - | BKQ |
|  |  | 1x DPDT | B8P | BDP | BJC | BBC | BD7 | BW7 | - | - | BNP | B8Q | BDQ | BJ9 | BB9 | BD5 | BW5 | - | - | BNQ |
| Series C Snap switch | $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline-40 \text { to }+230 \\ (-40 \text { to }+450) \end{array}$ | $1 \times$ SPDT | C2P | CAP | CHC | CAC | CK7 | CU7 | C2L | CAL | CKP | C2Q | CAQ | CH9 | CA9 | CK5 | CU5 | C2S | CAS | CKQ |
|  |  | 1x DPDT | C8P | CDP | CJC | CBC | CD7 | CW7 | C8L | CDL | CNP | C8Q | CDQ | CJ9 | CB9 | CD5 | CW5 | C8S | CDS | CNQ |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Series D } \\ \text { DC Current Snap } \\ \text { switch } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} -40 \text { to }+120 \\ (-40 \text { to }+250) \end{gathered}$ | $1 \times$ SPDT | D2Q | DAQ | DH9 | DA9 | DK5 | DU5 | - | - | DKQ | D2Q | DAQ | DH9 | DA9 | DK5 | DU5 | - | - | DKQ |
|  |  | 1x DPDT | D8Q | DDQ | DJ9 | DB9 | DD5 | DW5 | - | - | DNQ | D8Q | DDQ | DJ9 | DB9 | DD5 | DW5 | - | - | DNQ |
| Series FHermeticallysealedSnap switch | $\begin{gathered} -45 \text { to }+400 \\ (-50 \text { to }+750) \end{gathered}$ | 1x SPDT | F2P | FAP | FHC | FAC | FK7 | FU7 | - | - | FKP | F2Q | FAQ | FH9 | FA9 | FK5 | FU5 | - | - | FKQ |
|  |  | 1x DPDT | F8P | FDP | FJC | FBC | FD7 | FW7 | - | - | FNP | F8Q | FDQ | FJ9 | FB9 | FD5 | FW5 | - | - | FNQ |
| Series HS Hermetically sealed Snap switch | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & -45 \text { to }+290^{(2)} \\ & (-50 \text { to }+550) \end{aligned}\right.$ | 1x SPDT | H7A | HM2 | HFC | HA9 | HB3 | HB4 | - | - | HM3 | H7A | HM2 | HFC | HA9 | HB3 | HB4 | - | - | HM3 |
|  |  | 1x DPDT | H7C | HM6 | HGC | HB9 | HB7 | HB8 | - | - | HM7 | H7C | HM6 | HGC | HB9 | HB7 | HB8 | - | - | HM7 |
| Series U Gold alloy contacts Snap switch | $\begin{gathered} -40 \text { to }+120 \\ (-40 \text { to }+250) \end{gathered}$ | 1x SPDT | U2P | UAP | UHC | UAC | UK7 | UU7 | U2L | UAL | UKP | U2Q | UAQ | UH9 | UA9 | UK5 | UU5 | U2S | UAS | UKQ |
|  |  | 1x DPDT | U8P | UDP | UJC | UBC | UD7 | UW7 | U8L | UDL | UNP | U8Q | UDQ | UJ9 | UB9 | UD5 | UW5 | U8S | UDS | UNQ |
| Series V Inductive Proximity switch | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline-40 \text { to }+100 \\ (-40 \text { to }+210) \end{array}$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | VFS | VHS | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | V5S | VBS | - |
| Series W Hermetically sealed Silver plated contacts Snap switch | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c} -45 \text { to }+230 \\ (-50 \text { to }+450) \end{array}$ | 1x SPDT | W2P | WAP | WHC | WAC | WK7 | WU7 | W2L | WAL | WKP | W2Q | WAQ | WH9 | WA9 | WK5 | WU5 | W2S | WAS | WKQ |
|  |  | 1x DPDT | W8Q | WDQ | WJ9 | WB9 | WD5 | WW5 | W8S | WDS | WNQ | W8Q | WDQ | WJ9 | WB9 | WD5 | WW5 | W8S | WDS | WNQ |
| Series X Hermetically sealed Gold plated contacts Snap switch | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c} -45 \text { to }+230 \\ (-50 \text { to }+450) \end{array}$ | 1x SPDT | X2P | XAP | XHC | XAC | XK7 | XU7 | X2L | XAL | XKP | X2Q | XAQ | XH9 | XA9 | XK5 | XU5 | X2S | XAS | XKQ |
|  |  | 1x DPDT | X8Q | XDQ | XJ9 | XB9 | XD5 | XW5 | X8S | XDS | XNQ | X8Q | XDQ | XJ9 | XB9 | XD5 | XW5 | X8S | XDS | XNQ |
| Series R High temperature Snap switch | $\begin{gathered} -40 \text { to }+400 \\ (-40 \text { to }+750) \end{gathered}$ | 1x SPDT | R2Q | R1Q | RH9 | RA9 | RK5 | RU5 | - | - | RKQ | R2Q | R1Q | RH9 | RA9 | RK5 | RU5 | - | - | RKQ |
|  |  | 1x DPDT | R8Q | RDQ | RJ9 | RB9 | RN5 | RF5 | - | - | RNQ | R8Q | RDQ | RJ9 | RB9 | RN5 | RF5 | - | - | RNQ |
| Series $\mathbf{8}$HermeticallysealedSnap switch | $\begin{gathered} -45 \text { to }+400 \\ (-50 \text { to }+750) \end{gathered}$ | 1x SPDT | 82P | 8AP | 8HC | 8AC | 8K7 | 8U7 | - | - | 8KP | 82Q | 8AQ | 8H9 | 8A9 | 8K5 | 8U5 | - | - | 8KQ |
|  |  | 1x DPDT | 88P | 8DP | 8JC | 8BC | 8D7 | 8W7 | - | - | 8NP | 88Q | 8DQ | 8J9 | 8B9 | 8D5 | 8W5 | - | - | 8NQ |
| Series 9 High temperature Hermetically sealed Snap switch | $\begin{gathered} -45 \text { to }+400 \\ (-50 \text { to }+750) \end{gathered}$ | 1 x SPDT | 92P | 9AP | 9HC | 9AC | 9K7 | 9 U 7 | - | - | 9KP | 92Q | 9AQ | 9H9 | 9A9 | 9K5 | 9U5 | - | - | 9KQ |
|  |  | 1x DPDT | 98P | 9DP | 9JC | 9BC | 9D7 | 9W7 | - | - | 9NP | 98Q | 9DQ | 9J9 | 9B9 | 9D5 | 9W5 | - | - | 9NQ |
| Switch Description | Process ${ }^{(1)}$ Temperature Range ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | Contacts | Weather proof (IP 65) |  |  | ATEX (IP 66) |  |  |  |  |  | Weather proof (IP 65) |  |  | ATEX (IP 66) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\\| 2 \mathrm{EEx}$ IICT6 Go |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\\| 26$ Exdil 16 T6 Gb |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | CSAAuminium |  |  | Castron |  |  |  |  |  | CSAluminium |  |  | Castron |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 3/4 $4^{\text {NPT }}$ |  |  | M22x, 5 |  |  | 344 NPT |  |  | $34^{4}$ NPT |  |  | M20x, 5 |  |  | $34^{4}$ NPT |  |  |
| Series R High temperature Snap switch | $\begin{aligned} & -40 \text { to }+540{ }^{(3} \\ & (-40 \text { to }+1000) \end{aligned}$ | 1x SPDT | R1Y |  |  | RK5 |  |  | RU5 |  |  | R1Y |  |  | RK5 |  |  | RU5 |  |  |
|  |  | 1x DPDT | RDY |  |  | RN5 |  |  | RF5 |  |  | RDY |  |  | RN5 |  |  | RF5 |  |  |
| Series 9 High temperature | $\begin{aligned} & -40 \text { to }+540{ }^{(3)} \\ & (-40 \text { to }+1000) \end{aligned}$ | 1 x SPDT | 9AR |  |  | 9K7 |  |  | 9 U 7 |  |  | 9AY |  |  | 9 K 5 |  |  | 9 U |  |  |
| Hermetically sealed Snap switch |  | 1x DPDT | 9DR |  |  | 9D7 |  |  | 9W7 |  |  | 9DY |  |  | 9D5 |  |  | 9W5 |  |  |

## SELECT PNEUMATIC SWITCH MECHANISM \& HOUSING

| Switch Description | Max supply pressure bar (psi) | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Max liquid } \\ \text { temperature } \\ { }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \left({ }^{(1)}\right) \end{array}$ | Bleed orifice Ø mm (inches) | NEMA 3R (IP 53) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | T20-A Models | T20-B \& T20-D Models |
| Series J (open air) | 6,9 (100) | 200 (400) | 1,60 (0.063) | JDG | JDE |
|  | 4,1 (60) |  | 2,39 (0.094) | JEG | JEE |
|  | 4,1 (60) | 370 (700) | 1,40 (0.055) | JFG | JFE |
| Series K (closed circuit) | 6,9 (100) | 200 (400) | - | KOE | KOE |
|  | 2,8 (40) |  | - | KOG | - |

[^3]
## A complete measuring system consists of:

Code for T21 models (each unit is factory calibrated to operate on a given specific gravity within the min and the max values listed per model)

MODEL NUMBER CODE AND MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION

| Model No. | Set points | Process /Tank connection | Float and trim | Magnetic sleeve |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| T21-A | 2 - Tandem float | Carbon steel | 316 SST (1.4401) | 400 series SST |
| T21-B |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Important: Actuating level, in either the rising or falling state, and specific gravity must be provided upon placement of order. The maximum available actuating level is governed by the liquid specific gravity and selected float size as given in the table below. The minimum actuating level is 102 mm ( 4 inches). The minimum distance between the top and bottom actuating levels is 203 mm ( 8 inches).

FLOAT SELECTION AND MAX ACTUATING LEVEL ${ }^{(1)}$

| Liquid Specific Gravity | Float Size mm (inches) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \varnothing 76 \times 127 \\ \left(3^{\prime \prime} \times 5^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \varnothing 102 \\ \left(4^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \varnothing 114 \\ & \left(41 / 22^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Upper | Lower | Upper | Lower | Upper | Lower |
| 1,00 | 533 (21) | 1219 (48) | 813 (32) | 1219 (48) | 1016 (40) | 1219 (48) |
| 0,90 | 229 (9) | 762 (30) | 457 (18) | 1118 (44) | 1016 (40) | 1219 (48) |
| 0,80 | - | - | 102 (4) | 533 (21) | 1016 (40) | 1219 (48) |
| 0,70 | - | - | - | - | 533 (21) | 1219 (48) |

FLOAT PRESSURE RATINGS

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Float Size } \\ \text { mm } \\ \text { (inches) } \end{gathered}$ | Pressure Rating bar (PSIG) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \left(100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 400^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ \left(750^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 480^{\circ} \mathbf{C}^{(1)} \\ & \left(900{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 540^{\circ} \mathbf{C}^{(1)} \\ & \left(1000^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \varnothing 76 \times 127 \\ (3 " \times 5 ") \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34,4 \\ (500) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26,0 \\ & (377) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24,3 \\ & (353) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 23,1 \\ & (335) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \varnothing 102 \\ \left(4^{\prime \prime}\right) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 41,3 \\ & (600) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 33,3 \\ & (483) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 32,0 \\ & (465) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 31,6 \\ & (459) \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \varnothing 114 \\ & (41 / 2 ") \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34,4 \\ & (500) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 27,7 \\ & (403) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26,7 \\ & (388) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26,4 \\ & (383) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |

${ }^{(1)}$ Upon prolonged exposure to temperatures above $425^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(800^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, the carbide phase of steel may be converted to graphite. Permissible but not recommended for prolonged use above $425^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(800^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. (Applies to models T20-A \& T20-B.)

TANK CONNECTION AND FLOAT SIZE

| Tank Connection | Float sizes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \sigma 76 \times 127 \mathrm{~mm} \\ \left(3^{\prime \prime} \times 5\right. \text { ") } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \varnothing 102 \mathrm{~mm} \\ \left(4{ }^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \varnothing 114 \mathrm{~mm} \\ \left(4 \mathrm{y} \mathrm{~L}^{\prime \prime}\right) \end{gathered}$ |
| ASME Flanges ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |
| 4" 150 lbs RF | H3A | - | - |
| 4" 300 lbs RF | H4A | - | - |
| 5" 150 lbs RF | J3A | J3B | J3C ${ }^{(2)}$ |
| 5" 300 lbs RF | J4A | J4B | $\mathrm{J} 4 \mathrm{C}{ }^{(2)}$ |
| 6" 150 lbs RF | K3A | K3B | K3C |
| 6" 300 lbs RF | K4A | K4B | K4C |
| 8" 150 lbs RF | L3A | L3B | L3C |
| EN 1092-1 flanges ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |
| DN 100 PN16, Type B1 | 8FA | - | - |
| DN 100 PN 25/40, Type B1 | 8GA | - | - |
| DN 150 PN16, Type B1 | 9FA | 9FB | 9FC |
| DN 150 PN 25/40, Type B1 | 9GA | 9GB | 9GC |

(1) Flanges are threaded onto 1" NPT bushing
${ }^{(2)}$ Float cannot pass S 160 nozzle or greater
$X=$ product with a specific customer requirement

SELECT ELECTRIC SWITCH MECHANISM \& HOUSING

| Switch Description | Process ${ }^{(1)}$ Temperature Range ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ | Contacts | T21-A Models |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | T21-B and T21-D Models |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Weather proof (IP66) |  | ATEX (IP 66) |  |  |  |  |  | FM <br> (IP 66)$\|$ | Weather proof (IP 66) |  | ATEX (IP 66) |  |  |  |  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|}\hline \text { FM } \\ \text { (IP 66) }\end{array}\right]$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\\| 26$ Exd IC T6 Gb |  |  |  | \\| 19 Gexiallicto |  |  |  |  | 1126 Exdicto Gb |  |  |  | \|119 EExialCtic |  |  |
|  |  |  | Cast Aluminium |  | Cast Auminium |  | Castron |  | Cast Aluminum |  |  | Cast Auminium |  | Cast Auminium |  | Castion |  | Cast Auminium |  |  |
|  |  |  | M20x, 5 | 1"NPT | M20x1,5 | 1"NPT | M20x, 5 | 3/4" NPT | M20x1,5 | 1"Npt |  | M20x1,5 | 1 1"NPT | M20x1,5 | 1 " Npt | M20x1,5 | 344" NT | M20x, 5 | 1" Mpt |  |
| Se | to +120 | 2x SPDT | B4A | BBA | BLC | BDC | BL7 | BV7 | - | - | BLA | B4B | BBB | BL9 | BD9 | BL5 | BV5 | - | - | BLB |
| switch | (-40 to +250) | 2x DPDT | B1A | BEA | BPC | BGC | B07 | BY7 | - | - | BOA | B1B | BEB | BP9 | BG9 | BO5 | BY5 | - | - | BOB |
|  | to +230 | 2x SPDT | C4A | CBA | CLC | CDC | CL7 | CV7 | C4X | CBX | CLA | C4B | CBB | CL9 | CD9 | CL5 | CV5 | C4T | CBT | CLB |
| switch | (-40 to +450) | 2x DPDT | C1A | CEA | CPC | CGC | CO7 | CY7 | C1X | CEX | COA | C1B | CEB | CP9 | CG9 | CO5 | CY5 | C1T | CET | COB |
| Series D | -40 to +120 | 2 SPDT | D4B | DBB | DL9 | DD9 | DL5 | DV5 | - | - | DLB | D4B | DBB | DL9 | DD9 | DL5 | DV5 | - | - | DLB |
| switch | (-40 to +250) | 2x DPDT | D1B | DEB | DP9 | DG9 | DO5 | DY5 | - | - | DOB | D1B | DEB | DP9 | DG9 | DO5 | DY5 | - | - | DOB |
| Series F Hermetically | -45 to +400 | 2x SPDT | FFA | FBA | FLC | FDC | FL7 | FV7 | - | - | FLA | FFB | FBB | FL9 | FD9 | FL5 | FV5 | - | - | FLB |
| sealed Snap switch | (-50 to +750) | 2x DPDT | FHA | FEA | FPC | FGC | FO7 | FY7 | - | - | FOA | FHB | FEB | FP9 | FG9 | FO5 | FY5 | - | - | FOB |
| Series U Gold alloy | -40 to +120 | 2x SPDT | U4A | UBA | ULC | UDC | UL7 | UV7 | U4X | UBX | ULA | U4B | UBB | UL9 | UD9 | UL5 | UV5 | U4T | UBT | ULB |
| contacts Snap switch | (-40 to +250) | 2x DPDT | U1A | UEA | UPC | UGC | U07 | UY7 | U1X | UEX | UOA | U1B | UEB | UP9 | UG9 | UO5 | UY5 | U1T | UET | UOB |
| Series W Hermetically sealed | to +230 | 2 SPPDT | W4A | WBA | WLC | WDC | WL7 | WV7 | W4X | WBX | WLA | W4B | WBB | WL9 | WD9 | WL5 | WV5 | W4T | WBT | WLB |
| Silver plated contacts Snap switch | (-50 to +450) | 2x DPDT | W1B | WEB | WP9 | WG9 | WO5 | WY5 | W1T | WET | WOB | W1B | WEB | WP9 | WG9 | WO5 | WY5 | W1T | WET | WOB |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Series X } \\ & \text { Hermetically } \\ & \text { sealed } \end{aligned}$ | -45 to +230 | 2 SPPDT | X4A | XBA | XLC | XDC | XL7 | XV7 | X4X | XBX | XLA | X4B | XBB | XL9 | XD9 | XL5 | XV5 | X4T | XBT | XLB |
| Gold plated contacts Snap switch | (-50 to +450) | 2 DPDT | X1B | XEB | XP9 | XG9 | XO5 | XY5 | X1T | XET | XOB | X1B | XEB | XP9 | XG9 | XO5 | XY5 | X1T | XET | XOB |
| Series R | -40 to +400 | 2x SPDT | R4B | R3B | RL9 | RD9 | RL5 | RV5 | - | - | RLB | R4B | R3B | RL9 | RD9 | RL5 | RV5 | - | - | RLB |
| Snap switch | (-40 to +750) | 2x DPDT | RHB | REB | RP9 | RG9 | RO5 | RG5 | - | - | ROB | RHB | REB | RP9 | RG9 | RO5 | RG5 | - | - | ROB |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Series } 8 \\ \text { Hermetically } \end{gathered}$ | -45 to +400 | 2x SPDT | 84A | 8BA | 8LC | 8DC | 8L7 | 8V7 | - | - | 8LA | 84B | 8BB | 8L9 | 8D9 | 8L5 | 8V5 | - | - | 8LB |
| sealed Snap switch | (-50 to +750) | $2 \times$ DPDT | 81A | 8EA | 8PC | 8GC | 807 | 8Y7 | - | - | 80A | 81B | 8EB | 8P9 | 8G9 | 805 | 8Y5 | - | - | 80B |
| Series 9 <br> High temperature | -45 to +400 | 2 SPPDT | 94A | 9BA | 9LC | 9DC | 9L7 | 9V7 | - | - | 9LA | 94B | 9BB | 9L9 | 9D9 | 9L5 | 9V5 | - | - | 9LB |
| sealed Snap switch | (-50 to +750) | 2x DPDT | 91A | 9EA | 9PC | 9GC | 907 | 9Y7 | - | - | 90A | 91B | 9EB | 9P9 | 9G9 | 905 | 9Y5 | - | - | 90B |
|  |  |  |  | ther pr |  |  |  | ATEX | (IP 66) |  |  |  | ther pr |  |  |  | ATEX | (IP 66) |  |  |
| witch | Process Temperature |  |  | P65) |  |  |  | 126 Exd | IIC T6 Gb |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 26$ Exd | ICT6 Gb |  |  |
| Description | Range |  |  | CSAAuminium |  |  |  | Cast | lon |  |  |  | CSAAumium |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $334{ }^{\text {" NPT }}$ |  |  | M20x1,5 |  |  | $3 / 44^{\text {NPT }}$ |  |  | 344 ${ }^{\text {NPT }}$ |  |  | M20x, 5 |  |  | 3/4"NPT |  |
| Series R High | -40 to $+540{ }^{(2)}$ | 2 SPPDT |  | R3M |  |  | RL5 |  |  | RV5 |  |  | R3M |  |  | RL5 |  |  | RV5 |  |
| temperature Snap switch | (-40 to +1000) | 2x DPDT |  | REM |  |  | RO5 |  |  | RG5 |  |  | REM |  |  | RO5 |  |  | RG5 |  |
| Series 9 High temperature | -40 to $+540{ }^{(2)}$ | 2 SPDT |  | 9BD |  |  | 9L7 |  |  | 9V7 |  |  | 9BM |  |  | 9L5 |  |  | 9V5 |  |
| Hermetically <br> sealed Snap switch | $(-40 \text { to }+1000)$ | $2 \times$ DPDT |  | 9ED |  |  | 907 |  |  | 9 Y7 |  |  | 9EM |  |  | 905 |  |  | 9Y5 |  |

[^4]Notes

Notes

Notes

## IMPORTANT

## SERVICE POLICY

Owners of Magnetrol products may request the return of a control; or, any part of a control for complete rebuilding or replacement. They will be rebuilt or replaced promptly. Magnetrol International will repair or replace the control, at no cost to the purchaser, (or owner) other than transportation cost if:
a. Returned within the warranty period; and,
b. The factory inspection finds the cause of the malfunction to be defective material or workmanship.

If the trouble is the result of conditions beyond our control; or, is NOT covered by the warranty, there will be charges for labour and the parts required to rebuild or replace the equipment.
In some cases, it may be expedient to ship replacement parts; or, in extreme cases a complete new control, to replace the original equipment before it is returned. If this is desired, notify the factory of both the model and serial numbers of the control to be replaced. In such cases, credit for the materials returned, will be determined on the basis of the applicability of our warranty.
No claims for misapplication, labour, direct or consequential damage will be allowed.

## RETURNED MATERIAL PROCEDURE

So that we may efficiently process any materials that are returned, it is essential that a "Return Material Authorisation" (RMA) form will be obtained from the factory. It is mandatory that this form will be attached to each material returned. This form is available through Magnetrol's local representative or by contacting the factory. Please supply the following information:

1. Purchaser Name
2. Description of Material
3. Serial Number and Ref Number
4. Desired Action
5. Reason for Return
6. Process details

Any unit that was used in a process must be properly cleaned in accordance with the proper health and safety standards applicable by the owner, before it is returned to the factory
A material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) must be attached at the outside of the transport crate or box.
All shipments returned to the factory must be by prepaid transportation. Magnetrol will not accept collect shipments.
All replacements will be shipped Ex Works.

|  | BULLETIN: |
| :--- | :--- |
| BE 44-604.11 |  |
| UNDER RESERVE OF MODIFICATIONS | EFECTIVE: |
| APRIL 2018 |  |
| SUPERSEDES: | December 2017 |

European Headquarters \& Manufacturing Facility
Heikensstraat 6
9240 Zele, Belgium
Tel: +32-(0)52-45.11.11 • Fax: +32-(0)52-45.09.93
e-mail: info@magnetrol.be


[^0]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ See switch mechanisms bulletin furnished should switch adjustment or replacement be necessary.

[^1]:    (1) The minimum actuation level is $102 \mathrm{~mm}\left(4^{\prime \prime}\right)$

[^2]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ The minimum actuating level is $102 \mathrm{~mm}\left(4^{\prime \prime}\right)$. The minimum distance between the top and bottom actuating levels is $203 \mathrm{~mm}\left(8^{\prime \prime}\right)$.

[^3]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Process temperature based on max. $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ambient temperature and for non steam applications.
    (2) On steam applications, temperature down-rated to $+200^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(+400^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ process at $+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(+100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ambient
    ${ }^{(3)}$ Upon prolonged exposure to temperatures above $425^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(800^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, the carbide phase of steel may be converted to graphite. Permissible but not recommended for prolonged use above $425^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(800^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. (Applies to models T20-A \& T20-B.)

[^4]:    ${ }^{(1)}$ Process temperature based on max. $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(100^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$ ambient temperature and for non steam applications.
    (2) Upon prolonged exposure to temperatures above $425^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(800{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$, the carbide phase of steel may be converted to graphite. Permissible but not recommended for prolonged use above $425^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(800^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. (Applies to models T20-A \& T20-B.)

